

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 28.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1899.

NUMBER 47.

Down Go Straw Hats 1-4 OFF.

Your choice of all Dress Hats at one-quarter off. All new and correct in styles. Every hat is a bargain at the market price, but

**We don't carry them over
if price will sell them.**

Remember, our regular marked prices are 25 per cent below others and still we make the cut of one-quarter off in order to close out every one of them.

You can buy a good straw hat for **19c.**

You can buy a nice stylish rough or plain straw hat, black or blue band, regular 75c grade everywhere, for **37c.**

Come and Look.

W. P. Schenk & Company.

SPECIAL SALE

—AT—

THE CORNER STORE.

1-4 OFF! 1-4 OFF!

—ON ALL—

Colored Shirt Waists.

1-4 OFF! 1-4 OFF!

KEMPF & McKUNE.

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

Rubber Hose and Connections,

Sprayers, Lawn Mowers, Lawn Rakes,

Ice Cream Freezers, Screen Doors and Windows,

Oil and Gasoline Stoves,

BICYCLES.

Paints and Oils,

Iron Age Pivot Axle Riding Cultivators,

One Horse Corn Cultivators, Tiger Rakes,

Double and Single Harness,

All at Lowest Prices.

Special Prices on Buggies to Close Out.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Furniture at Low Prices.

J. J. RAFTREY,

Glass Block Tailoring Parlors, Chelsea, Michigan.

A great slaughter in Light Weight and Light Colored Suitings and Pantings, and special prices on Novel Vestings for the next 30 days to lower our large stock and keep our force of workers employed, for this is the slack season.

All Silk, Satin and Woolen Goods cleaned like new. We have added a machine and can do all kinds of cleaning on short notice and at reasonable prices.

J. J. RAFTREY, Glass Block.

For Safety and to Draw Interest

Deposit your Money in the

CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

Laid the Corner Stone

Of the New M. E. Church With
Appropriate Ceremonies.

GOOD CONGREGATION THERE

REVS. E. W. RYAN, H. W. HICKS AND
J. I. NICKERSON CONDUCTED THE SER-
VICES, MR. LOREN BABCOCK LAID THE
STONE, REV. C. T. ALLEN MADE THE
ADDRESS.

An important event in the history of the First M. E. church society of Chelsea took place yesterday when the corner stone of the beautiful stone church, which is being erected in place of the one destroyed by fire Jan. 8 last, was laid according to the ritual of the M. E. church by Mr. Loren Babcock, of Chelsea, who is one of the oldest members of the society in this village now alive. The ministers present from abroad and who assisted the pastor, Rev. J. I. Nickerson, in the services were Rev. E. W. Ryan, presiding elder, and Rev. C. T. Allen, of Ypsilanti, and Rev. H. W. Hicks, of Dexter.

The building committee and the Chelsea Band met the visiting clergymen at the depot and they were marched to the church building, where after a couple of selections had been rendered by the band the services were commenced.

Rev. E. W. Ryan read the opening sentences of the service after which the choir sang a hymn. The prayer was then read by Rev. H. W. Hicks, of Dexter, and the choir sang an appropriate anthem. This was followed with responsive reading lead by Rev. E. W. Ryan and answered by the other ministers.

Rev. J. I. Nickerson then stepped forward and deposited in the box which was placed in a hollow under the corner stone the following articles:

The minutes of the Detroit Conference of 1898.

Copies of the Detroit Free Press and Journal, the Chelsea Herald and Standard and the Michigan Christian Advocate.

The Discipline of the M. E. church.

A copy of the hymn book now in use in the church.

The key of the old church which opened that building for the last time before it was destroyed.

The directory of the M. E. society of Chelsea, which contained a picture of the old church, also of the pastor, Rev. J. I. Nickerson. Below the picture of the church was recorded the data: Erected in 1849; destroyed by fire Jan. 8, 1899; corner stone of the new church laid July 12, 1899, by Loren Babcock; address delivered by Rev. C. T. Allen, of Ypsilanti; building committee, William Bacon, Dr. G. W. Palmer, O. T. Hoover, F. P. Glazier, Orin Burkhart.

Rev. J. I. Nickerson then pronounced the invocation and the stone was slowly lowered to its resting place where it was tried, squared and set by Mr. Loren Babcock. The corner stone was made from one of the field boulders used in the construction of the church, the face of which had been dressed and highly polished. It bore the inscription "First M. E. Church. Erected 1899."

The Lord's Prayer was then said by the ministers and congregation in unison and the benediction was pronounced by Rev. Nickerson.

Then followed the dinner on the lawn of the parsonage which had been spread by the Ladies' Aid Society, to which 200 people sat down.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon after the singing of the hymn "Onward Christian Soldiers" and the anthem "O, be joyful in the Lord," by the choir, Rev. C. T. Allen, of Ypsilanti, delivered the address. The reverend gentleman spoke for an hour and 20 minutes and gave an eloquent address, which was listened to with close attention by a good congregation. It was a strong, forcible argument in favor of the benefits that have accrued to those countries in which the free study of the open Bible is advocated by the churches. At the conclusion of the address the audience slowly dispersed.

During the afternoon and evening ice cream, cake, etc., were dispensed by the ladies on the lawn adjoining the parsonage. About \$80 was netted in aid of the building fund.

The Manchester creamery is making 600 pounds of butter daily.

The Canning Season

IS RIGHT HERE.

You will want

FRUIT JARS

—AND—

SUGAR.

You can always buy both to the best advantage at the

BANK DRUG STORE

Remember we always pay you the highest market price for eggs in cash or trade.

COME TO US FOR

Fresh Candies, Lowney's Chocolates,

Full Cream Cheese,

Fresh Lemons and Bananas,

Thick Elastic Can Rubbers.

IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH

GLAZIER & STIMSON.

THE FACT

That we enjoy an unsolicited trade ought to be sufficient proof that our work is entirely satisfactory and the designs and quality of our fabrics

Worthy the Consideration of the Most Fashionable Gentlemen.

GEORGE WEBSTER, Merchant Tailor

At Farrell's Pure Food Store

YOU WILL FIND

Sweet and Sour Pickles and

Canned Goods for Campers.

Get a pound of good Coffee for 25c. Picnic Hams and Bacon. Good Salt Pork 5c per pound.

JOHN FARRELL.

What Constitutes a First-Class Market?

Keeping everything in season in sufficient variety to supply all wants. Keeping a nice, clean store with everything in its place and a place for everything, and clerks that know their business.

Keeping first quality of goods, prices within reason, and a proprietor who is willing to listen to suggestions from his patrons.

TERMS—CASH.

ADAM EPPLER.

We Offer...

Special Bargains to Farmers

On Spring-Tooth Harrows in both wood and Steel frames, also Riding and Walking Cultivators.

LOWEST PRICES

On Furniture, Refrigerators and Ice Cream Freezers.

W. J. KNAPP.



THE CHELSEA HERALD.

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, : : MICHIGAN.

THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resumptions, Weather Record.

INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

DOMESTIC.

The fourteenth annual convention of the National Editorial association met in Portland, Ore.

Willie Porter, aged nine years, at Coats, Kan., killed his mother and baby sister while playing with a pistol.

A railway engine exploded at Tip Top, W. Va., killing Engineer J. D. McColgan, Fireman E. W. Albert and brakeman Oscar J. Owens.

The war department announces that the aggregate receipts from customs in Cuba for the past 14 weeks were \$3,949,814.

The director of the mint estimates that the total output this year of all the gold mines of the world will be \$300,000,000, which will be larger by about \$40,000,000 than the product of 1898.

The Michigan supreme court says that Gov. Pingree's plan for municipal ownership of Detroit street railways is unconstitutional.

Charles Saltzman and Miss Kate Horfoldsteimer fought a duel with revolvers in a buggy near Seatonville, Ill., over getting married, and both were fatally injured.

At the national convention in Indianapolis of osteopaths A. G. Hildreth, of St. Louis, was elected president.

James McAfee was hanged at Carthage, Mo., for the murder of Eben Brewer, a merchant of Joplin, whom he attempted to rob July 30, 1897.

Returns from 250 cities and towns in the United States show that 33 persons were killed and 1,756 injured by accidents on the Fourth of July.

Later news from Texas say that the entire valley of the Brazos, from Brenham on the north to its mouth at Quintana, is flooded, and its current is filled with the debris of wrecked houses, stock and farming implements. Secretary of War Alger has placed at the disposal of the governor 10,000 rations to be supplied to the destitute and famishing sufferers.

A severe shock of earthquake in California was felt from San Francisco to Monterey.

A wind and hailstorm devastated the country for miles around Kendalls, Wis., ruining large tracts of valuable timber.

Ed Clinch, a dealer in general merchandise at Bakus, Minn., shot his wife and then committed suicide.

The New York Central and the Pennsylvania railroads have become one system.

August Albert Becker was found guilty in Chicago of wife murder and sentenced to be hanged.

Prof. Rush Rhees, of Newton (Mass.) theological seminary, has been elected president of the University of Rochester, N. Y.

A number of persons were injured in a wreck on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad at Waldron, Mo.

An order for the enlistment of ten new regiments of infantry to serve two years was issued by the secretary of war.

The mining town of Coulterville, Cal., was entirely destroyed by fire.

Brig. Gen. Joseph Wheeler has been ordered to report to Gen. Otis at Manila for duty in the Philippines.

The army transport McClellan arrived in New York from San Juan, Porto Rico, and Santiago, Cuba, with two cases of yellow fever aboard.

Many plantations in Texas are still under water and hundreds of persons who had taken refuge on a mound three miles below Seale are slowly perishing for want of food.

Orders have been issued for the resumption of all idle coke companies in the country.

It is stated at the war department that almost every officer who served in the volunteer army during the war with Spain and who had been honorably mustered out has again offered his services to meet the needs of the Philippine campaign.

George Coppel, chairman of the reorganization committee of the Wisconsin Central railway lines, bid in the system in entirety for \$7,300,000.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 7th aggregated \$1,652,294,237, against \$1,636,324,137 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week of 1898 was 34.1.

There were 136 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 7th, against 181 the week previous and 241 in the corresponding period of 1898.

In trying to stop a runaway team and prevent it from trampling a number of children Theodore Weber, proprietor of a restaurant in Madison, Wis., was killed.

The National Editorial association in session in Portland, Ore., elected R. H. Henry, of Jackson, Miss., president. A tornadonear Union, Wis., destroyed many farmhouses, barns and outbuildings and miles of fencing.

The convention in San Francisco of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations elected Joseph E. Stubbs, of Nevada, president.

Fire and explosion in the residence at Washington of Capt. Dickens, of the United States navy, resulted in the death of Mrs. Dickens.

The volume of business throughout the country for the first week of July was 36 per cent. greater than at the same time last year.

A warrant was issued in Salt Lake City for the arrest of President Angus M. Cannon, of the Mormon church, charging him with polygamy.

A freight train carrying six cars of horses was wrecked at Moors, Nev., and nearly all the animals were killed.

Charles Knauss, aged 18 years, shot and seriously wounded Mrs. Edwin Deiffenderfer, aged 26 years, at Allentown, Pa., because she would not elope with him, and then killed himself.

George and Louis Grim, brothers, aged respectively ten and twelve years, were drowned at Beloit, Wis., while swimming.

Dick Williams, a negro, charged with the murder of two white men, was lynched at Alma, Kan., by a mob of white men.

Isaac Thomas, aged 13, killed his mother and sister at Athens, W. Va., and was also charged with murdering his father, who was killed while hunting a few months ago.

William Reinhard and his wife and four boys were killed by the cars at a railway crossing in Columbus, O.

Herbert M. Harriman, of New York, won in Chicago the amateur golf championship of America.

As a result of a strike the 20 largest cigar factories in Tampa, Fla., instituted a general lockout and 5,000 cigar makers were idle.

The Citizens' national bank at Niles, Mich., was obliged to close its doors owing to a run on the bank by depositors.

Heavy rain, together with a cloud-burst, completely flooded Lower Germantown, Conn., and 400 residents were driven from their homes.

Thirty-eight known dead, 25,000 destitute refugees herded into the towns, 10,000 to 15,000 square miles of fertile farming country under water and property losses exceeding \$6,000,000—this is in brief the story of the flood that has swept down the thousand-mile valley of the Brazos river in Texas during the last ten days.

A carriage containing William M. Diem and Miss Lizzie Prequesel was struck by a train in Buffalo, N. Y., and both of the occupants were killed.

Gov. Roosevelt, of New York, went to Washington for a conference with the president at the latter's solicitation concerning the Philippine war.

The war department officials are busily engaged in preparing the list of appointments of officers not already announced for the ten new regiments of infantry to be organized for service in the Philippines.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Bishop John P. Newman, of the Methodist Episcopal church, died at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., aged 73 years.

Gov. Stephens has called a special election in the Eighth Missouri district on August 29 to fill the vacancy in congress caused by the death of Richard P. Bland.

Ex-Gov. John Peter Richardson died at Columbia, S. C., aged 69. Like his father and grandfather before him, he was governor of South Carolina for four years.

F. M. Chapman, aged 102, died at Kingston, Tenn. He was the first captain to operate a steamboat on the Tennessee river.

The socialist labor party of Kentucky met in Louisville and nominated a state ticket headed by Albert Schmutz, of Louisville, for governor.

Robert Bonner, founder of the New York Ledger, and noted philanthropist and horseman, died at his home in New York, aged 75 years.

A state organization to be known as the Ohio Association of Democratic Clubs was formed in Columbus to disseminate democratic principles as enunciated in the last democratic platform.

John H. Stallings, 108 years of age, died near Sevierville, Tenn.

George W. Julian, several times a congressman and at one time one of the most prominent men in national affairs in the west, died at his home in Irvington, Ind., aged 82 years.

Maj. Joseph Heatwole, chief commissary of Cuba, died in Santiago of yellow fever. He was a resident of Indiana.

FOREIGN.

Former King Milan, father of King Alexander of Serbia, narrowly escaped assassination in Belgrade.

Gen. Brugere, former chief of the late President Carnot's military household, has been appointed military governor of Paris.

The street car strike which has been in progress in London, Ont., several weeks led to a serious rioting and the city was placed under martial law.

Admiral Cervera and the other commanders of the Spanish fleet destroyed in the battle of Santiago, whose conduct has been the subject of inquiry by special court-martial, were acquitted in Madrid and liberated.

A heavy earth slide in a diamond mine at Cape Town, Africa, killed 11 men and 16 others were missing.

An official dispatch from Manila says that 30 Spanish military prisoners and 17 civilians, who were held by the Filipinos, have been released.

LATER.

Advices from Manila say that outpost firing continued in front of San Fernando, but no movement was being made by Gen. MacArthur to drive away the enemy. It was reported that he was interested in peace proposals received from the insurgents.

Meanwhile Aguinaldo was in personal command of the northern insurgents, who were busily engaged in intrenching their positions.

Charles Mall, for the past 36 years Belgian consul in New York, died in that city.

The eighteenth international convention of Christian Endeavor closed in Detroit amid scenes of impressive solemnity.

The year 1899 will be known as the banner year for the lumber business in Minneapolis.

The steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse arrived at Cherbourg from New York in the record breaking time of five days 20 hours and 55 minutes.

A fire at Montello, Wis., destroyed 12 business buildings.

A special train carrying teachers to the National Education association convention in Los Angeles was wrecked at Newman, Cal., and Miss Addie Harris, of St. Louis, and Mrs. Lena Thomas, of Seneca Falls, N. Y., were killed and 13 others were injured.

Charles Graham, the well-known ballad writer, died in New York.

Eight hundred employees of the tin mill at Lisbon, O., struck for recognition of their union.

The schooner Ida S. Hull, hailing from Barnstable, Mass., went ashore on Camp island, Me., and 15 persons on board were reported lost.

Forest fires in the mountains west of Anaconda, Mont., destroyed thousands of acres of valuable timber.

Gen. Otis has notified the war department that he will be able to enlist 1,000 men, most of them presumably volunteers, for the two skeleton regiments he is organizing at Manila.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew arrived in New York from his trip to Europe. The will of Robert C. Billings, the wealthy Boston merchant, leaves \$1,600,000 to charity.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 10th were: Brooklyn, .676; Boston, .629; Chicago, .611; Philadelphia, .603; St. Louis, .585; Baltimore, .567; Cincinnati, .507; Pittsburgh, .493; New York, .435; Louisville, .386; Washington, .333; Cleveland, .177.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

Not one drop of intoxicating liquor is allowed to be sold at any of the military camps of Canada.

According to the Washington Times Rev. Sam Jones' income for several years has been between \$25,000 and \$35,000.

Sarah Bernhardt says she was born in Paris and not in Amsterdam or Le Havre, as most of her biographers relate.

Gov. Stanley, of Kansas, has appointed his wife one of the committee to investigate the state's charitable institutions.

The Disciples of Christ will hold their jubilee missionary convention in Cincinnati October 13-19, and 10,000 delegates are expected.

The income of the principal charitable institutions having their headquarters in London amounts to over \$25,000,000 per annum.

The Fourth of July just past was more widely celebrated in foreign countries and participated in by foreigners than any previous one.

The equestrian statue of Maj. Gen. John F. Reynolds, who commanded the First corps of the Army of the Potomac, was unveiled at Gettysburg, Pa.

Edgar D. Crawford, who was recently admitted to the bar at Atlanta, Ga., is the youngest lawyer in that state, if not in the country. He is not quite 17 years old.

A great cave, said to be larger than the Mammoth, in Kentucky, has been discovered in Victoria, B. C. It has been explored a distance of 12 miles without the end being reached.

Col. A. T. Britton, first vice president of the American Security & Trust company, and widely known in financial circles all over the country, died at his country home, near Washington, D. C.

Gen. Horatio G. Wright, who made a brilliant record in the civil war, serving at Gettysburg and the campaign in the Wilderness and around Richmond, died in Washington after an illness of three months.

Lorin A. Thurston, former minister from Hawaii to this country, who has arrived from Honolulu, says the outlook in Hawaii is very promising. The sugar crop will undoubtedly be the largest ever handled. He declares the islanders want territorial government pure and simple.

ONLY ONE SURVIVOR.

Six Members of a Family of Seven Killed at a Railway Crossing in Columbus, O.

Columbus, O., July 10.—All but one of the seven members of the family of William Reinhard, of this city, were killed, and the remaining one was badly injured by a Big Four passenger train Sunday afternoon. The dead are: William Reinhard, aged 41; Rachael Reinhard, aged 40; William Reinhard, aged 12; Arthur Reinhard, aged nine; Karl Reinhard, aged seven; Edward Reinhard, aged five. The injured: Clarence Reinhard, aged 14, collar bone broken.

The accident occurred at the Woodward avenue crossing of the Big Four railroad and opposite the southwest entrance to the state fair grounds. Mr. and Mrs. Reinhard and their five children, who resided at 256 Donaldson street, were out for an afternoon drive in a surrey. They had just visited the home of a Mrs. Huffman, whose husband had been killed in the railroad yards last Friday, and were on their way to the home of a sister of Mr. Reinhard.

They approached the railroad crossing from the east, arriving at that point just as the west-bound passenger train, arriving here at 3:15 p. m. was due. An eyewitness of the accident said he saw the surrey crossing the tracks, and at the same instant it was struck by the train. The vehicle was knocked into splinters, and Mr. and Mrs. Reinhard and Arthur and Karl were killed outright. Edward and William were so badly injured that they died after being removed to a hospital. Clarence sustained a fractured collar bone and other lesser injuries, but it is believed he will recover. The horse which was attached to the surrey was literally ground to pieces. It is not known whether any of the members of the unfortunate family were aware of the approach of the train, but the circumstances indicate that they were not. The crossing has long been regarded as a dangerous one, view of incoming trains being obscured by a high fence around the fair grounds. The train was running at a high speed.

THE RAINY SEASON.

It Has Evidently Set In, and Our Boys in the Philippines Suffer Great Discomforts.

Manila, July 10.—It has been raining and storming almost constantly for two days, and the country along the American South and Bay lines is literally flooded. The soldiers are suffering great discomfort. The Thirteenth infantry regiment at Pasay is in the worst condition, being practically surrounded by water. The bridges that were used for getting supplies have been washed away, and some of the companies are now separated by streams six feet deep. In many cases the men are sleeping with three feet of water beneath their bunks, which are elevated on cracker boxes. The company cooks, when preparing the meals, stand knee-deep in water. Some of the roads leading to Pasay are simply impassable, and the rice fields on all sides are one great lake. A high wind blew over several tents of the Second reserve hospital. Manila bay is impossible of navigation by either launch or canoes, and no vessels are leaving the harbor. The United States transport Centennial is ready to sail for San Francisco with discharged soldiers, but the latter have to sit around the water front all day, drenched to the skin, waiting for a launch to take them to the steamer. The river Pasig and all other streams are swollen, and the city streets at low points are covered with water.

BANK CLOSED.

The Institution at Niles, Mich., Forced to Shut Its Doors by the National Bank Examiner.

Niles, Mich., July 10.—The Citizens' national bank was obliged to close its doors at ten o'clock Saturday morning, owing to a run on the bank by depositors. Two days ago there was a sudden change of officers in the bank, and disquieting rumors arose. Friday there was a steady drain on the institution, and before the bank closed \$23,000 was paid out to depositors. Saturday morning, shortly before nine o'clock several hundred people surrounded the bank, and as soon as the doors opened the rush began; in an hour about \$15,000 was paid out, and as the funds were exhausted the national bank examiner, J. W. Seldon, of Lansing, ordered the doors closed.

For a Cooperative Colony.

Toledo, O., July 10.—Plans have been formulated for a large cooperative colony to be situated on Lake Erie near here, and 8,000 acres of land are to be secured, to be devoted both to farming and manufacturing interests. The promoter of the scheme is Joseph A. Johnson, of the state of Washington, and he has with him a number of local people who have ample means. Mr. Johnson announces that it is the intention to build a city which will engage in a commercial trade, the profits of which are to be divided equally among the members of the colony.

"Do Not Grasp at the Shadow and Lose the Substance."

Many people are but shadows of their former selves, due to neglect of health. Look out for the blood, the fountain of life, the actual substance; keep that pure by regular use of Hood's Sarsaparilla and robust health will be the result. Be sure to get only Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

How to Reach Two Famous Resorts.

An Outing Hint from "Outing." Fast, safe, superbly equipped and most carefully governed, one need not wonder at the great popularity of the New York Central. No other line affords such facilities for through travel between the East and the West as this wonderful four-track system. In the possession of the Grand Central Station, located in the heart of New York City, and within trifling distances of all first-class hotels, this railway offers greater advantages than competing lines. Spring, summer, autumn and winter, it has attractions irresistible. The great Northern wilderness, the playground of the State, now beckons its thousands. As autumn falls, America's scenic masterpiece, far-famed Niagara, will claim its annual host of pilgrims with its majestic power, the fierce turmoil of the Whirlpool and all the picturesque surroundings, the awesome Caves of the Winds and several other minor attractions of the vicinity. And when winter comes, then the entire scene transformed to what seems a fairyland of marvelous frost dressings, of icy forts and snowy palaces; of gleaming crystal prison barriers vainly striving to bind the roaring, foaming plunge of water—will present a spectacle of weird, mysterious beauty which is not duplicated in the world.—Outing.

She Carried Him On.

Huntley—Funny thing, that elopement of Miss Longwaite and young Snipper. Author—Elopement? That was an abduction!—Philadelphia North American.

Worth Looking Into.—Willieboy—"Pa, what's a mixed metaphor?" Pa—"It's a new one on me. I'll ask my bartender when I go down town."—Philadelphia North American.

She—"I wouldn't marry you if you were the last man on earth." He—"You wouldn't get a chance. I'd surely have my pick then."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

She—"I'm sure I've cast my bread on the water many a time, and I don't see any results." He—"No; I guess your bread would sink, dear."—Yonkers Statesman.

A Michigan man has been telling "How to Enjoy Country Life." It's easy. Let the other fellows owe the amount of the mortgages.—Augusta (Ga.) Herald.

No employer is doing the right thing by his employee, according to the employee's friends.—Atchison Globe.

Piso's Cure cured me of a Throat and Lung trouble of three years' standing.—E. Cady, Huntington, Ind., Nov. 12, 1894.

No man should be hopeless so long as he has two good, honest friends—his hands.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

It is surprising how many worthless men get into good positions, but they rarely ever hold them.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

The only people who have any excuse for having the big head are those who have never had it.—N. Y. Journal.

"Ah, you do not know how hard it is to lose one's wife." "Hard! My dear sir, it's simply impossible."—Pick-Me-Up.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a Constitutional Cure. Price, 75c.

A fellow with a nice string of game very rarely comes into town by a back alley.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

Some fathers never see their daughters excepting on pay day.—Atchison Globe.

Miss Lockheart's LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM No. 67,104]

"I cannot express my gratitude to you for the good that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I have taken five bottles of the Compound and two boxes of Liver Pills and feel better in every respect. I had suffered for years with dropsy, the veins in my limbs burst, caused by the pressure of the water. I had the worst kind of kidney trouble, fainting spells, and I could not stand long at a time. I also had female weakness, and the doctor said there was a tumor in my left side. The pains I had to stand were something dreadful. A friend handed me a little book of yours, so I got your medicine and it has saved my life. I felt better from the first bottle. The bloating and the tumors have all gone and I do not suffer any pain. I am still using the Vegetable Compound and hope others may find relief as I have done from its use." MISS N. J. LOCKHEART, Box 16, ELLEN BETH, PA.

Only the women who have suffered with female troubles can fully appreciate the gratitude of those who have been restored to health.

Mrs. Pinkham responds quickly and without charge to all letters from suffering women. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

SONG OF THE TEN-INCH SHELL

From the noiseless gloom of the inner tomb
They raise the drowsy ore;
From the blinding red of my flame birthed
My glowing frame they pour:
With rhythmic beat of dancing feet
The great trip-hammers swing,
They forge me well, the shapely shell,
Bride of the battle-king.

Now still I stand; on either hand
My right companions be,
My grim and lean as the shadow seen
Of the shark in the dusky sea;
Of the bugle shrill my time fulfill,
Till away at last I ride
To the light of the sun, where my bride-
groom gun
Shall clasp me a moment's bride.

A touch, a spark, and hark! oh, hark!
Impregnated with fire,
Hot with the heat of hate, and fleet
With the fury of desire—
I fly! I fly! my goal is nigh:
I light the whirling shell—
And the air around shrieks to the sound
And the agony of hell!

The iron beams give, the steel plates rive
To my tyrannous claim of way;
The sea leaps in where I lightly win—
Down from the light of day,
Down, down we go, the shattered foe
And I that dealt the doom,
Back to the night, mine old birthright,
And the silence of the tomb!

—Harold Ryley, in Temple Magazine.



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CHAPTER V.—CONTINUED.

When he was gone I sat down to count my money, and found I had but ten crowns in all the world. With prudence, however, this would last some time. Still it was gall and wormwood to me to have to weigh each item of disbursement. It would be necessary as well to renew my attire, which, with the exception of the leather buff coat, was almost ruined by the hard wear it had been exposed to on my journey. I sat down to rest, but now that I had reached Florence a reaction set in, and, assailed by a full sense of my position, I gave way to despair. In a little time I became more composed; but it was impossible to keep still with the fire in my heart, and I sallied into the street, taking care to note landmarks, so as to find my way back. In this manner I must have gone for about a quarter of a mile, when I was brought to a standstill by the coming of a gay party down the street, in the direction opposite to mine, all marching by the light of many torches, to the music of a band. The musicians led the procession, which was flanked on each side by a number of flambeaux bearers, and a retinue of servants, all bearing swords despite the law.

The merry-makers walked in pairs, each lady resting her fingers on her cavalier's arm, and all laughing and talking with the utmost good humor. I was compelled to draw myself to the wall to admit of their passing, and, whilst thus giving them the road, the light fell brightly on me, and I became an object of alarm to some of the fair, who gave utterance to pretty little exclamations of terror, with the result that I came in for haughty looks from the galleons.

In the middle of the promenaders were two ladies, who, apparently not having partners of the opposite sex, had linked themselves together, and the attention of the taller of these was bestowed upon me for a moment, and it was not flattering. As she wore a mask, I could see little of her face beyond the half contemptuous look in her eyes, which were dark at night, and a short curl of the upper lip, with which she no doubt intended to express the same sentiment as her glance. I waited calmly until the whole party passed on, admiring the grace of the demoiselle who had favored me with her scornful survey. I watched them until they turned off into another street, and then went on, idly wondering who the people were, and more especially the dark-eyed lady.

The street behind me was in gloom, a few yards in front of me a lamp hanging from a wall threw a dim radiance; beyond that there was gloom again. Through the darkness before me I heard the sound of hurrying feet, coming in my direction, and, almost before I was aware of it, the newcomer and I fell into the circle of the light, and met face to face.

It was D'Entragues! He knew me as if by instinct. "You!" he exclaimed, and on the instant his sword was out. I said nothing. I was blind, mad with anger. My whole soul hungered for his life as I thrust at him, and in doing so slipped my foot over the edge of the narrow pavement and fell heavily. He was on me at once; something flashed in his left hand and I felt a stinging sensation all over my left side. He did not wait to see the result of his blow. Perhaps he made too sure, and, springing over me, ran into the darkness beyond. I scrambled up at once, and made an attempt to follow; but my brain began to reel, and I was compelled to lean against the wall to support myself.

The clash of steel, however, had aroused some of the inhabitants, and, hearing foot-
steps approaching, I pulled myself together with an effort, and, making across the road, turned back to my lodging. Here again I felt too weak to proceed without help, and sank to the ground, knowing I was bleeding freely. By this time two or three men came up, and, after surveying the spot under the street lamp, crossed over in my direction. The rays of a lantern held by one of them discovered me, and they hastened up. I begged the favor of their assistance to my abode, saying I had been stabbed, and the worthy citizens readily acceded; and, not content with that, when I reached my

room gave me all help in dressing my injury. The dagger, which I had to extract, had gone through the folds of my cloak, but was turned by a steel buckle on the strap of my buff coat, and had cut through the coat and down my side, inflicting an ugly flesh wound. This in itself was not dangerous; but I had lost much blood, and when the kind citizens had gone, in making an attempt to rise from my chair, I had only just time to reach my bed before I became unconscious.

CHAPTER VI.

BERNABO CECI.

I cannot say for what time I lay thus bereft of sense; but on coming to myself I saw the candle in my room was all but spent, and the wick flaring in a long flame. I looked to see if my wound had broken out a-bleeding afresh, and was glad to find this was not the case, and that the bandages were in their position. The small effort, however, nearly set me off once more. The room swam round, the bright flame of the candle dwindled down to a little star, no bigger than a pin point, and then began slowly to increase in size as the faintness passed off, and I was able to see clearly again. Any attempt to move gave me agony, and, closing my eyes, I lay still. I heard the candle expire with a splutter, and leave me in darkness. Then I began to get light-headed, and unable to control my thoughts. Somehow my mind traveled back to the days of my childhood, and the figure of the only living relative I can remember, my father, came before me, standing just as he was wont to stand, when about to give me a lesson in the exercise of the sword, and repeating a warning he never ceased to din in my ears. "Learning," he said, "is of little use to a gentleman. You need not know more of books than a Savelli should, but in horsemanship and in the use of the sword—" he finished with a gesture more expressive than words. And truly old Ercole di Savelli was never a bookworm, though he ended a stormy life in his bed.

He was the son of that Baptista di Savelli, who was ruined with the Prefetti di Vico and other noble houses during the time of Eugene IV. Such estates as Baptista had were transferred with the person of his sister Olympia, who married into the Chigi, to that family, and with them the custodianship of the Conclaves. Baptista di Savelli left his son nothing but a few acres. The latter tried to woo Fortune in the Spanish war, but did not obtain her favors. He returned to Italy, and, poor as Job though he was, hesitated not to marry for love, and engage in a lawsuit with Amilcar Chigi. What between the one and the other, Ercole was ruined in a hand turn. His wife died in giving birth to me, and, disgusted with the world, he retired to a small estate near Colza in the Bergamasque. There he devoted himself to a pastoral life, and to bringing me up as a soldier, until, one fine day, having contracted a fever, he received absolution and died like a gentleman and a Christian.

I followed the profession for which I was intended, joining the levy of the duke of Urbino, and sharing in all the ups and downs of the times, until Fortune did me a good turn at Fornovo. Subsequently things went well with me, and, although I had to mortgage my narrow lands, to raise and provide the equipment for the men, with whom I joined Tremouille, I was in expectation of a full reward, when I was so suddenly stricken down.

Thinking of these things in the dark, tormented by a devouring thirst, which I was unable to quench, haunted by the impression that my last hour was come, and that I should die here like a dog, without even the last rites of the church, I fell into a frenzy, and began to shout aloud, and rave as in a delirium. D'Entragues came before me, wearing a smile of triumph, and I strove impotently to reach. Then the whole room seemed to be full of my enemy, from every corner I could see the white face, the red hair, and the smile of successful malice. The figures, each one exactly like the other, floated over me, stood by my side, sometimes brought their faces within an inch of mine, until I imagined I felt a flame-like breath beating on me. Finally they flitted backwards and forwards, rapidly and more rapidly, until there was nothing but a mass of moving shadow around me, which gradually resolved itself again into a single form. I strove to reach for my sword to strike at it, but my arms were paralyzed. So through the livelong night the phantom stood at the foot of my bed, until the white morning came in at my window, and I fell into a sleep.

When I awoke I found the old attendant of the building bending over me. The fever had abated, but the thirst still remained. "Water," I gasped through my parched lips, and he gave me to drink.

To cut a long story short, I arranged with this man for such attendance as I should want, and to do him justice Ceci—for that was his name—performed his part of the contract, getting me food, attending to the dressing of my wound, to which he applied a most soothing salve, and such other offices a helpless person must expect. He did not trouble me much with his presence during the earlier part of my illness, but came as occasion required him, and, when he had performed his work, left me to my reflections.

I may note here that I never again saw the people who helped me when I was wounded. Having assisted me to my lodging, and aided me to dress my hurt, as I have said, they departed, and apparently gave me no further thought. This I am persuaded was not due to unkindly feeling, but to prudence, and a wish to avoid being mixed up in an affair such as mine appeared to be; for the times were such that it was better for a man's head to be unknown to the Magnifici Signori of Florence.

Subsequently, when things changed with me, I caused public cry to be made, requesting the worthy citizens to come forward; but my attempt was of no avail, beyond producing a half-dozen or so of rascal impostors, who swore to helping me, under circumstances that never occurred, on the chance of hitting a nail on the head, and obtaining a reward. But this was long after my illness, and the block in the Bargello my illness, and since that time, been a resting place for the heads of the good Samaritans for all I can say. I took a longer time in mending than I thought I should, for an inflammation set in, the fever came back, and when that was passed I recovered strength, but slowly. It was at this time, however, that I discovered the advantage of reading, having up to now borne only too well in mind my father's saying on that subject. I began with "Poliziano's Orfeo," a poor

affair, and then procured, to my delight, a translation of "Plutarch's Lives." Both these books were obtained with the greatest difficulty, so old Ceci, the attendant, said, from the library of a great Florentine noble, in which a nephew of his was employed in copying manuscripts, and the old man charged me an entire double florin for the use of the latter alone; an expenditure I grudged at first; but which I would have willingly paid twice over before I finished the volume. I inquired the name of the nobleman; but Ceci was not inclined to tell me, and I gathered that the owner was probably unaware that his books were taking an airing, and enabling his library scribe to turn a dishonest penny. On the binding of the Plutarch was pricked a coat of arms, a cross azure on a field argent, with four nails azure; but I could not, for the life of me, remember this device, although I had served in every part of Italy except Rome. Finally it came to my mind that the bearings, no doubt, belonged to some merchant prince of Florence, and would therefore be unlikely to see anything more of fighting than a street riot, and therefore I dismissed the subject.

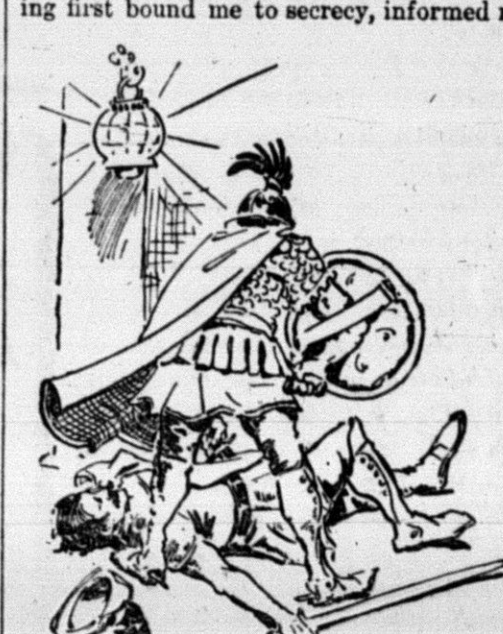
I did not neglect, whilst lying in enforced idleness, to take such steps as I could to discover the whereabouts of D'Entragues, and specially instructed old Ceci to make inquiries of the followers of La Palisse. He brought me news in a couple of days that the Frenchman had left Florence a fortnight ago, and it was understood he was going to join the army of Cesare Borgia, that cursed serpent who was lifting his head so high in the Romagna. This was ill news indeed, for I had been lying helpless for close upon a month; but I was on the mend at last, and resolved to follow him as soon as I had strength to travel.

During my illness I had frequently thought of madame, and with the thoughts of her there mingled recollections of the dark eyes of the lady who had looked at me through her mask, on the night I was stabbed. I could think of madame in no way but with a kindly feeling; but, strange as it may seem, any recollection of the other made my heart beat, and I would have given much even to have obtained another glance at her. In the meantime, however, my first business was to try and replenish my funds, for my supplies were almost exhausted by the drain made upon them during my illness.

Old Ceci, the attendant, had in his way formed a sort of attachment for me, and now that I was better generally spent an hour or so with me daily in converse. One day I let out some hint of my condition, and Ceci, after a little beating about the bush, approached me with a proposal.

"Signore," he said, "there are those in Florence who would like things changed. We want our Medici back; but we want also a few good swords, and I could tell you of a way to fill your purse."

"Say on," I replied, and the old man, having first bound me to secrecy, informed me



Something flashed in his left hand and I felt a stinging sensation.

that certain nobles in Florence wanted a good sword or two, to rid them of a great political opponent, in order to pave the way for the return of the Medici; and without mentioning names in any way, which, he said, would be given to me later, proposed that I should undertake the task.

I realized at once that his suggestion meant nothing short of assassination, and saw that my old acquaintance was apparently up to the ears in a political plot. My first idea was to spurn the suggestion with indignation; but reflecting that it would be better to know more, and by this means, if possible, save a man from being murdered in cold blood, I affected to treat the matter seriously, and replied that I was as yet unfit for active work, but that as soon as I was better I would discuss the subject again. He then departed.

Perhaps the time will come when the minds of men will shrink with horror from crime, even for the sake of a good object, and however much I loathed the proposal made to me, I could not but recollect that the noblest names of Milan were concerned in the Olgiati conspiracy, and that a pontiff had supported the Pazzi attempt on the Medici. This being so, there was excuse for Ceci and his leaders, whoever they were; but my whole soul was wrought in me at the thought that I had been deemed capable of doing the business of a common bravo, and if it were not for the reason stated above, I would have flung the old conspirator out of the room. This insult also had to go down indirectly to D'Entragues, and as I grew better my desire to settle with him rose to fever heat. The question, however, was my resources. Turn which way I would, there seemed to be no way of replenishing them. The idea presented itself to me to join the Borgia, who with all his faults was ever ready to take a long sword into his pay. After all, it would perhaps be better to seek to fill my purse in Florence, and let my vengeance sleep for awhile. It would be all the sweeter when it came.

With these ideas in my head, I was sitting one afternoon at the little window of my room, putting a finishing touch to the edge of the dagger which D'Entragues had left with me, or rather in me, and congratulating myself that the blade was not a poisoned one, when I heard, as from a distance, a hum of voices, which gradually swelled into a great roar, and above this the clanging of a bell with a peculiar discordant note. Almost at the same time old Ceci bustled into my room, evidently in a state of high excitement, and called out:

"Messer Donati—Messer Donati! It is to be war—war!"

I should add here that I had judged it prudent to take another name on entering

Florence, and adopted the first one that struck me, although I afterwards thought that Donati was not quite the name to win favor with the Florentines, amongst whom the memory of Messer Corso was still green, although so many years had passed since he was done with. Whether I let my own name out or not during my illness I am unable to say; at any rate, Ceci never gave me any such hint. The news the old man brought was not unexpected by me, yet I caught a touch of his excitement and answered:

"War—where? Tell me."

"It is this way, signore; Naples has risen, and the Great Captain has driven D'Aubigny out of Calabria. All the Romagna has gone from Cesare as that," he waved his hand as if throwing a feather in the air.

"The Holy Father has cast his interdict on Florence, and Pisa is burning the Val di Nievole."

"The devil!" I exclaimed, "this is more than I thought. The interdict is bad, Messer Ceci."

He grinned as he answered: "Bad for the pope. Medici or no Medici, we will not have a priest interfering in Florence."

"I see," I said, "you are a Florentine first, and conspirator afterwards; but how do the French stand?"

"With us, for we pay. It is said, however, that things are uncertain with them, that Monsignore d'Amboise, who is now Cardinal of Rouen, has gone to Rome, and that Tremouille is awaiting the king."

"The king! Louis is at Macon."

"Yes, Louis himself, and the Lord knows how many barons besides, with pedigrees as long as their swords, who will eat up our corn, and pillage our vineyards from the Alps to the Adriatic. But I came here to ask, signore, if you will come with me to see. It is hurry and make haste, for I cannot wait. The Carrocio has left St. John's."

I had almost recovered my full strength, and was accustomed to walk out daily at dusk in order to avoid observation, whilst at the same time I could by doing so exercise my muscles; yet at first I felt inclined to decline Ceci's invitation, alleging weakness as my excuse, for my anger was still warm against him on account of his proposals to me. Reflecting, however, that if I offended him it would probably fatally injure any prospect I had of saving the person whom the conspirators intended to kill, I thought it best to affect a friendliness I did not feel, and changing my mind in regard to accompanying him slipped on my sword, and followed the old man downstairs. We hastened as fast as we could to the great square. The people were swarming out of the houses, and the streets were full of a hurrying throng, all directing their steps to the point whence we could hear the bellowing of the mob, echoed with answering cheers by those making towards the place of assembly. Around us there was a murmur like that of millions of bees, as men, women and children jostled their way to the Palace of the Signory. My companion, who stopped every now and again to open his jaws as wide as the mouth of a saddle-bag, and give forth a yell, hustled along at a great pace, and I made after him with scarcely less speed.

By good fortune, and a considerable amount of pushing, we made our way through the press, which appeared to me to be composed entirely of elbows, and at last reached the market place. Here the crowd behind us slowly drove us forwards, and finally gave us the advantage of a good position. The square was lined with men at arms and stout citizens with boar-spears in their hands.

All at once there went up a shout louder than ever, the crowd swayed backwards and forwards, then opened out, and admitted the Carrocio or war-car in Florence. It was painted red, and drawn by oxen housed in red trappings. The great beasts had dragged the car slowly from the chapel of St. John's, where it stood in times of peace, and labored along under its weight. From the car itself projected two poles on which hung the banner of the Commonwealth, a red giglio on a white field. Immediately behind this came another car, bearing the Martello or war-bell, which was incessantly clanging out its angry notes. It was to ring now for a full month, without ceasing.

Around the cars were the principal nobles of the city, and the oxen being guided to the "bankrupt stone," were there unharnessed. Pietro Soderini, the brother of his eminence of Volterra, who was then Gonfaloniere for life, raised his hand. In a moment there was silence, and the vast audience listened to the brief oration that fell from the lips of their chief magistrate. He painted in stirring words the dangers of the times; he called to the people to forget party hatreds in the face of the common crisis; he appealed to their past, and then concluded: "Therefore," said he, "for the safety of the state, have we to whom that safety is intrusted put our hope in God, and our hands to the sword. Citizens, we give to our enemies, to Rome, and to Spain, war, red war—and God defend the right!" With that, he drew off his glove of mail and flung it on the pavement, where it fell with a sudden crash.

The silence of the crowd continued for a little, and then, from 40,000 throats rang out cheer after cheer, as the sturdy citizens roared out their approval of the gage thrown down.

In the midst of all this some partisan of the Medici, hysterically excited, raised a shout of "Palle! Palle!"

"Blood of St. John!" exclaimed Ceci, "who is that fool? He will die."

It was the well-known cry of the exiled Medici, and it drove the crowd to madness. Instantly there was an answering yell.

"Popolo! Popolo! Death to tyrants!" I cannot tell what happened exactly; but in the distance I saw a man being tossed and torn by the mob. For a moment, his white face rose above the sea of heads, with all the despair in it that the face of a drowning man has, when it rises for the last time above the waves; then it sank back, and something mangled and shapeless was flung out into the piazza, where it lay very still. I stood awestruck by this vengeance.

"Yet the Medici will come back, signore!" Ceci whispered this in my ear, as he stood with his hand on my shoulder.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

These Loving Girls.

Maude—Aunt Mary has a lock of George Washington's hair. It has been in our family ever since the revolutionary war.

Clara—Indeed! I wasn't aware that one of your ancestors was a barber—Chicago Daily News.

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THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1899.

OUR DEFECTIVE SIDEWALKS.

The city of Ypsilanti finds itself in the unenviable position of having two damage claims of \$10,000 and \$3,000 respectively to defend. Both are for injuries received from defective sidewalks. Now, the council has appointed the city marshal sidewalk inspector, with instructions to see that all repairs are promptly made, and by so doing prevent the cause for the suits from existing. Our own village board will be in a like predicament before long unless some measures are adopted to have the numerous bad sidewalks and crosswalks in the village put into a proper state of repair. It is only necessary for the Herald to mention two cases, both of which come under its almost daily notice. One is the sidewalk on the north side of East Middle street, just east of Main street, the other is the east end of the walk across Main street from the post office. Plenty of others could be mentioned. The village board should take action on this question of poor sidewalks and so prevent the damage suits that are sure to follow injuries received from them.

THE DIVORCE QUESTION.

The increasing number of divorces, which is viewed with feelings of the deepest concern by ministers and churches, and thinking people generally, has brought out the strange spectacle of an Episcopal clergyman practically acknowledging that his church is powerless to stem the tide of divorces in its midst. Both the Episcopal and Roman Catholic churches regard marriage as a sacrament and do not recognize divorces, except those granted for adultery, and their priests absolutely refuse to marry a couple either one of whom is a divorced person. Yet, the Episcopal minister in question, who is Rev. Mr. Hamilton, of Newport, L. I., and who preaches in one of the most fashionable churches of that fashionable place, acknowledged a couple of Sundays ago that the church was powerless in the matter and appealed to his congregation to use their social power to discourage and discountenance divorce "as a favor to the church." He added inferentially that without such social influence the church is impotent in the premises, saying that "Newport has more powers to check it than the combined efforts of the Christian churches from Maine to the Pacific coast."

This is a significant position for an Episcopal minister to take, but it is one that has been gradually brought about by the growing tendency of society to more and more tolerate divorces. Formerly divorced people were under a social ban and society was very chary of admitting them within its borders, so that even the married, more especially wives, who had just cause for divorce under the church canon were restrained from getting a civil dissolution of their marriage through dread of social opinion, both for themselves and for their children.

The outcome of Rev. Mr. Hamilton's appeal to his congregation will be watched with a great deal of interest.

The present school board of Chelsea is entitled to more than passing credit for the good work it has done in bringing the school up to its present state of efficiency. When it first went into office the high school diplomas were not recognized by the higher institutions of learning as being of sufficient merit to admit their holders to enter the prescribed courses of any of them. Now the

Chelsea high school diplomas will admit their holders to the University of Michigan, the Normal College and all the other colleges in the state without examination. The board has also kept the running expenses down to a very low figure, thus giving general satisfaction.

Philip T. Colgrove, of Hastings, has formally launched his boom for governor of Michigan in 1900. He bases his claim to the goodwill of the Republican party on the geographical location of his home and the fact that he is an anti-factional candidate. State Senator Potter, who is managing his campaign, has sent out letters to leading politicians urging an indorsement of Mr. Colgrove on the ground that as the senatorship will surely go to the eastern side, western Michigan is clearly entitled to the next governor. The letters were sent to Pingree and McMillan men alike. These arguments may win, but—then again they may not.

Senator Peffer's warm defense of President McKinley's conduct of the present war, contained in his speech at Marysville, Mo., July 4, was the honest opinion of a man who places his country's welfare ahead of his political feelings and does not allow his good judgment to be warped by selfish partizan consideration. The Kansan says "the rebellion in the Philippines must be put down. It is our duty to defend our soldier boys. America is responsible for peace in the islands, which are ours to dispose of as much as any territory we own."

The Mormon element in Utah is willing and ready to spend \$500,000 to hoist into the United States senate their Mormon representative B. H. Such a foothold in our national government has never yet been allowed to the polygamous followers of Brigham Young and it is hardly likely it will be consummated now.

Fourth of July statistics from 63 of the principal cities shows three fatalities, 1,074 injured and \$149,105 worth of property destroyed by fire. This does not include the villages and rural district calamities. Our national independence day is somewhat an expensive affair in more ways than one.

It is stated that nobody but McMillan men will get the 32 appointments as census enumerators for Washtenaw county, and that E. J. Helber, editor of the Neue Washtenaw Post and congressional committeeman, will have the entire say as to who they shall be.

Ypsilanti saloonkeepers kept "open house" July 4, during the diamond celebration in that city, and now they will have to put up some of their diamonds to pay the fines that will be assessed against them for so doing.

William Jennings Bryan has been endorsed for presidential candidate by the Mohawks, a Democratic organization with over 50,000 members, which held a national convention at Buffalo, N. Y., July 3-6.

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A Very Warm Bee.

Wm. Thieme is a piano tuner, known in these parts. He ran over a bumblebee's nest with his wheel near Morenci the other day, and one of the largest of the quadrupeds, bent on revenge, took after him, and missing Thieme, struck his javelin into the front tire, which exploded with a loud report, blowing the bee to atoms and throwing the piano juggler into a deep ditch, whence he emerged, all out of tune. Some may doubt this, but we know it to be true, because we personally saw the man who told us.—E. J. Smith in the Petersburg Sun.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Rev. O. C. Bailey, of Worcester, Mass., will preach at the Congregational church next Sunday.

The Grass Lake News speaks in high terms of praise of W. W. Wedemeyer's address at that place July 4.

Any person who has a copy of the Herald of June 29 that they do not want to use, would confer a favor on the editor by leaving it at the Herald office. We are entirely out of papers of that date.

Last Friday Matthew Alber received from his stepson Fred Eminger, of Minneapolis, the present of a walking cane which is made entirely of the horns of cattle. In all 127 pieces of horn were used in its construction.

A popular week-end excursion will be given by the Michigan Central next Saturday, July 15, to Jackson, Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids. The train will leave Chelsea at 10:23 a. m. Fare for the round trip to Jackson 50 cents, to Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids \$1.50. Tickets good to return on any train stopping at Chelsea up to 10:35 a. m., Monday.

Speaking of Rev. C. S. Jones' oration at Stockbridge on July 4, the Sun says: "Mr. Jones' speech was an excellent one, full of fire and patriotism, and was well received by all." And again it said: "Aside from the oration by Mr. Jones, the fireworks were the best feature of the day." Now, when a speech is set down as being better than the fireworks even, it must have been a good one.

Several Ann Arbor young business men have for the past year had an organization known as the "Women Haters' Society." The members were not allowed to associate with ladies but were under obligations to treat them with the greatest courtesy. The society has now disbanded owing to the frequency with which the members overstepped the rules. They have now formed a "Widows' Club." Any one of the members seen with a lady other than a widow, will be fined five dollars, the proceeds from such fines to be placed in a fund known as the wedding fund. In case a member marries a widow the fund will be used to defray the expenses of the wedding tour. This fact, coupled with the oft quoted wiles of widows, should ultimately prove to be the salvation of the widows in a marital way and also of the young men.

Be patient. Don't expect a mad rush on the part of the public the moment you spring your first advertisement upon them. If you want a good crop you must sow good seed and plenty of it. One grain of corn won't produce it. You've got to impress your readers often and well. It's the constant repetition that does the work. The Little Schoolmaster hit the nail on the head when he said: "It is not right to say of an ad. that does not sell goods that it is worthless. It may not sell a cent's worth of goods, yet still serve to keep the advertiser in the minds of readers, and a later ad. will complete the conquest the first one began. So long as we understand advertising to be cumulative in its effects, the success of the first of a series of ads. is not essential. Many an advertiser says, 'it doesn't pay,' because one measly little ad. didn't block up his store with customers."

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store.

Divorces in Washtenaw County.

The Washtenaw Evening Times has compiled a report of the number of divorces granted in this county during the past five years, together with the grounds on which the cases were based, also the names of the parties. The Herald gives below the statistical part of the report:

During the past five years—ending June 30, 1899—there have been granted in Washtenaw county 147 divorces. Of these, women were the complainants in 105 cases and men in 42.

In the 105 cases decrees were granted in many instances for more than one cause, but cruelty seems to have been by far the most "popular" ground for divorce. The causes are distributed as follows: Cruelty 70, non-support 46, desertion 28, drunkenness 10, impotency 1, scriptural 1. Where more than one cause was given for the decree, each ledger account was given credit for it, which accounts for the larger number of reasons assigned than there were decrees granted.

Of the 42 cases instituted by men, desertion gave cruelty a pretty hard race. The causes are divided as follows: Cruelty 23, desertion 21, scriptural 3.

The books in the county clerk's office also show that there are 67 cases of divorce pending.

The Busiest Store in Town

Sells Everything Good to Eat.

It's FREEMAN'S.

No time to talk any more.

Come and see.

FREEMAN'S.

100 VISITING CARDS

—AND A HANDSOME—

ALUMINUM CARD CASE

The Cards printed with your name and address, and your name neatly engraved on the outside of the case,

For 50 Cents,

AT THE

Herald Office, Chelsea, Mich.

Call and see samples. They will please you.

YOU CAN USE IT 20 DAYS FREE



Ask us to ship you one of our High Arm Sewing Machines with Ball Bearings and all Modern Improvements. This we will do by express to any station within 500 miles of Chicago. Upon arrival deposit our price, \$12.50, and express charges, with the express agent of your town, then **TAKE THE MACHINE HOME AND TRY IT FOR 20 DAYS**. If you are perfectly satisfied with the machine, keep it, otherwise return it to the express agent, and he will give you all your money back. If you prefer, we will ship by freight and pay on you through your nearest bank, draft attached to Bill Lading. When machine comes pay draft, and take machine home. If you don't like it, return it by freight, and we will refund. We guarantee the machine for ten years. Remember you take no risk. It doesn't cost you one cent unless you take the machine. We have sold over 100,000, and they are all giving perfect satisfaction. **ITS SPECIAL FEATURES** are Ball Bearings, Light Running, Durable, Easily Operated, Noiseless, Double Positive Feed, Self Threading Shuttle, Self-Setting Needle, Tension Liberator, Automatic Spooler, High Arm, Nickel-plated working parts, Steel bearings, Improved steel Attachments, Superior Finish, Highly Polished Bent Woodwork, Oak or Walnut. Send 15 cents for our 100-page catalogue. It lists everything used by mankind.

Originators of The Catalogue Business. **MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,** Michigan Ave., & Madison St., Chicago.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF—

The Chelsea Savings Bank,

At Chelsea, Mich.,

At the close of business, June 30, 1899.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$ 92 409 13
Stocks, bonds and mortgages	172 372 23
Banking house	3 800 00
Furniture and fixtures	3 565 12
Other real estate	10 175 00
Revenue stamps	80 67
Due from banks in reserve cities	42 858 09
Exchanges for clearing house	323 30
Checks and cash items	1 852 10
Nickels and cents	227 72
Gold coin	2 502 50
Silver coin	1 425 50
U. S. and National bank notes	6 255 00
Total	\$337 746 36

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$ 60 000 00
Surplus fund	7 173 00
Undivided profits less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	3 341 23
Dividends unpaid	3 151 00
Commercial deposits subject to check	41 607 63
Commercial certificates of deposit	93 875 30
Savings deposits	33 364 39
Savings certificates of deposits	95 233 81
Total	\$337 746 36

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.
I, Wm. J. Knapp, President of the abovesaid bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Wm. J. KNAPP, President.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of July, 1899.

THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest: THOS. S. SEARS, W. P. SCHENK, GEO. W. PALMER, Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

At Chelsea, Mich.,

At the close of business, June 30, 1899.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$ 65 850 59
Stocks, bonds and mortgages	147 992 08
Overdrafts	2 02
Banking house	8 000 00
Furniture and fixtures	2 000 00
Due from banks in reserve cities	31 355 41
Due from other banks and bankers	26 809 94
Checks and cash items	156 67
Nickels and cents	115 16
Gold coin	3 055 00
Silver coin	1 147 00
U. S. and State Bonds	4 500 00
U. S. and National bank notes	4 433 00
Total	\$295 316 87

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$ 40 000 00
Surplus	500 00
Undivided profit, less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1 800 00
Dividends unpaid	1 200 00
Commercial deposits subject to check	63 117 19
Commercial certificates of deposit	16 999 93
Savings deposits	153 176 54
Savings certificates of deposit	19 523 28
Total	\$295 316 87

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.
I, J. A. Palmer, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. A. PALMER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of June, 1899.

GEO. A. BEGOLE, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest: H. S. HOLMES, R. S. ARMSTRONG, C. KLEIN, Directors.

MORE OF OUR CLEARING OUT SALE.

We Shall Close Out
All Shirt Waists and Linen Skirts.

We offer, for a few days only, every waist in our stock at cost.
Waists at 69c and 75c.

\$1.25 Waists at \$1.00.

\$1.50 Waists at \$1.20.

Every Linen Skirt Reduced in Price.

Skirts at \$1.65.

\$2.25 Skirts at \$1.89.

\$2.75 Skirts at \$2.00.

1,800 yards of remnants of 8c Ginghams at 5c.

One case of new 6c Prints at 5c.

One case of the best wearing Hose ever sold in Chelsea, 2 pairs for 25c.

Ladies' new White Bib Aprons at 25c, 48c and 75c.

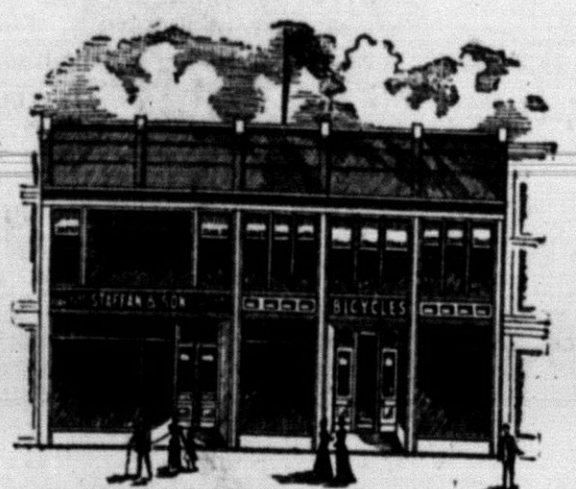
Big lot of Fancy White Silks at Cost.

Ladies' and Children's Gauze Vests at 5c.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Print Patterns for July now on Sale.

BICYCLES.



FURNITURE.

SPORTING GOODS.

STAFFAN-SHELL FURNITURE COMPANY

BIGGLE BOOKS

A Farm Library of unequalled value—Practical, Up-to-date, Concise and Comprehensive—Hand-somely Printed and Beautifully Illustrated.
By JACOB BIGGLE

No. 1—BIGGLE HORSE BOOK

All about Horses—a Common-Sense Treatise, with over 74 illustrations; a standard work. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 2—BIGGLE BERRY BOOK

All about growing Small Fruits—read and learn how; contains 43 colored life-like reproductions of all leading varieties and 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 3—BIGGLE POULTRY BOOK

All about Poultry; the best Poultry Book in existence; tells everything; with 23 colored life-like reproductions of all the principal breeds; with 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 4—BIGGLE COW BOOK

All about Cows and the Dairy Business; having a great sale; contains 8 colored life-like reproductions of each breed, with 130 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 5—BIGGLE SWINE BOOK

Just out. All about Hogs—Breeding, Feeding, Ditching, Diseases, etc. Contains over 40 beautiful half-tones and other engravings. Price, 50 Cents.

The BIGGLE BOOKS are unique, original, useful—you never saw anything like them—so practical, so sensible. They are having an enormous sale—East, West, North and South. Every one who keeps a Horse, Cow, Hog or Chicken, or grows Small Fruits, ought to send right away for the BIGGLE BOOKS. The

FARM JOURNAL

Is your paper, made for you and not a misfit. It is 22 years old; it is the great boiled-down, hit-the-nail-on-the-head, quit-after-you-have-said-it, Farm and Household paper in the world—the biggest paper of its size in the United States of America—having over a million and a half regular readers.

Any ONE of the BIGGLE BOOKS, and the FARM JOURNAL

5 YEARS (remainder of 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903) will be sent by mail to any address for A DOLLAR BILL.

Sample of FARM JOURNAL, and circular describing BIGGLE BOOKS free.

WILMER ATKINSON, CHAS. F. JENKINS. Address, FARM JOURNAL, PHILADELPHIA

A Special Bargain for Newspaper Readers.

The Chelsea Herald and the Twice-a-Week Detroit Free Press both four months for only 80 cents. This special price is made in order to introduce the papers to new readers.

Take advantage of this wonderful offer at once, also do your friends a kindness by calling their attention to it.

Address The Herald, Chelsea, Mich.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Born, Sunday night to Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Pierce, of Lima, a girl.

H. S. Holmes shipped 62,000 pounds of wool to Boston parties yesterday.

W. G. Kempf is having the house and all the buildings on his farm in Sylvan painted.

The Glazier stove works again commenced active operations Monday after a week's holiday.

The hoods on the electric street lamps have been painted a light green shade during the past week.

All the Chelsea Christian Endeavorers who have been in Detroit during the past week have returned home.

R. H. Alexander killed the champion rattler of the season Monday morning in Hiram Pierce's marsh. It had 22 rattles in its tail.

A 12x16 feet addition has been made in rear of Adam Eppler's meat market in which he will put his engine and boiler and other machinery.

The dock on the east side of Kempf & Co.'s warehouse has been torn down and an addition 24x40 feet in size will be built on the east end of the building.

Ann Arbor pastors have practically come to an agreement not to marry a couple when one of the contracting parties has secured a divorce on grounds other than adultery.

A regular meeting of Olive Chapter, No. 108, O. E. S., will be held next Wednesday evening July 19. Members are requested to be present, as important business is to be transacted.

The wheat harvest will be just about finished this week, and hereabouts will be not over one-third of a crop. Corn is looking and growing splendidly. Apples will be a good fair crop. So says one prominent Chelsea agriculturist.

Prof. R. H. Kempf, of Ann Arbor, will be in Chelsea next Monday, July 17, and will be pleased to meet any who desire to take a summer course of piano instruction to him at the residence of Mr. C. H. Kempf, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

The main part of the fair building and the two wings have been purchased by the Glazier Stove Co. and will be moved on the lot north of the stove factory at the corner of North and Main streets. They will be fitted up and used as the oven department of the stove works.

The condition of the labor market in Chelsea seems to be that anyone who wants work can get it. One teamster told the Herald that he had two teams, for one of which he wanted a driver, and although he was even willing to get along with a boy he could not get him, and his team had to stand idle.

The reorganization of the state militia has begun. Washtenaw county gets two companies in the First Regiment, one at Ann Arbor and one at Ypsilanti. The old Co. A at Ann Arbor which has so long stood at the head of the First Regiment, is lost to that town and is gobbled up by Detroit. The Ann Arbor company will hereafter be known as Co. I, and the Ypsilanti company as Co. L.

The Lyndon cheese factory made its first cheese on Monday. Owing to the fact that their cans were delayed in coming the regular milk wagons did not start, but the stockholders determined to make some cheese, and they brought in over 1,200 pounds of milk in receptacles of almost every kind excepting sacks. They made cheese Monday and Tuesday but discontinued then, awaiting the arrival of their cans. The 90 brand new, spick and span milk cans arrived at the freight depot yesterday and were immediately taken out to the factory, which will be in full operation on and after Friday. The cans were obtained for the company by W. J. Knapp.

The Michigan crop report for July, issued Monday, says the cool weather the past month was favorable to wheat, enabling it to fill well, but the heavy storms early last month did considerable damage to hard crops, and the last of the month they suffered from drouth. The number of acres of wheat on the ground, as reported to the supervisors this spring is approximately 1,906,947. The number of acres actually harvested will be considerably less than this number, since many acres were plowed up and put to other crops, and also many acres have been cut for hay. It is assumed that the estimate, that the crop will amount to about 15,250,000 bushels, is not far from being correct.

There are \$8,845 members of Christian Endeavor societies in Michigan.

James L. Gilbert caught a 16-pound pickerel in Crooked Lake Tuesday.

L. N. Miller has sold out his foundry business to James Clark and a man from Ypsilanti.

The stove works were shut down yesterday on account of the laying of the corner stone of the new M. E. church.

Mr. and Mrs. James Reese are receiving congratulations over the arrival of a little son who was born to them Tuesday.

The new cement walk on the west side of McKinley street opposite the property of R. A. Snyder, C. W. Maroney and others is being laid this week.

The commission of Amariah F. Freeman, of Manchester, as a member of the state tax commission runs until Dec. 31, 1900, and for two years thereafter.

Manchester Enterprise: Chelsea Lodge, F. & A. M., has agreed to accept the invitation of Manchester lodge and will come here next fall to exemplify the work.

Ann Arbor Daily Argus: The familiar Ben. Franklin statue on the campus is in the repair shop. He suffered in a collision with some students who had no respect for his venerable age.

The hand car shed, beside the stand-pipe on the Michigan Central track, caught fire Friday afternoon and caused the fire alarm to be sounded as loud as if the whole town were on fire.

New state telephones were put into A. E. Winans' store and A. J. Sawyer's cottage at Cavanaugh Lake on Tuesday, and now you can "hello" to Ann Arbor, Dexter, Grass Lake, Jackson and Detroit.

Rev. John Bradshaw, in years gone by a faithful minister of the Presbyterian and Congregational churches, died at his home in Ann Arbor Saturday evening of gastric atrophy, aged 57 years. His only surviving son is Rev. John W. Bradshaw, pastor of the First Congregational church, Ann Arbor.

Five insane women of this county for whom there was no room at the Pontiac asylum are to be cared for at the Kalamazoo asylum. In spite of the crowded condition it was claimed the asylums were in they do not seem to take kindly to Judge Newkirk's idea to have the county care for its own insane.

During the coming year the school board proposes to begin the construction of cement sidewalks all around the school-house. It is proposed to put them in by sections. This year about \$100 will be spent and 150 feet along the north side will be laid, also the broad walk leading up to the main entrance.

Ann Arbor Daily Argus: Deputy Oil Inspector Archie Wilkinson, of Chelsea, was in the city Tuesday and filed his oath of office and bond. He says that he has nothing to do with inspecting gasoline. Whenever there was an explosion they investigated the facts because it was often alleged that it was kerosene.

William Pratt yesterday commenced a suit for \$5,000 damages against the township of Lima. He alleges that on April 12 last he was driving along the highway and came to a defective arched drain. His horse fell through and pitched him forward on the ground. The horse stamped on him, causing great internal injuries.

Lieut. Fred W. Green, of Ypsilanti, has been appointed assistant inspector general of militia under Gen. Marsh. This is the position held by Col. Gardner before the Spanish war broke out. The job is worth \$1,000 a year and takes up a man's time about 40 days in the year, exclusive of the office work, of which there is quite a little. Ex-Sheriff William Judson was the power behind the throne that landed Lieut. Green in the job.

The completion of the contemplated consolidation of the various air power interests in New York city as outlined in an article in Saturday's New York Evening Post and the successful operation of the compressed air power system may have a very direct bearing on the proposed line from Ann Arbor to Jackson via Chelsea. One thing which has kept this line from being built this summer is the high price of copper wire, together with the advance in iron. With the new power, the poles and overhead fixtures will be done away with and the cost of construction will be materially reduced. The promoters of the new line did not desire to take any chances on equipping with electricity which might in a year be rendered an obsolete power.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cts. Sold at Glazier & Stimson's Drug Bank Store.

Reuben Kempf, pres. H. S. Holmes, vice pres. J. A. Palmer, cash'r. Geo. A. BeGole, asst cash'r. —No. 203.—

THE KEMPf COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK. CAPITAL, \$40,000.

Commercial and Savings Departments. Money to loan on first class security. Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmes, C. H. Kempf, R. S. Armstrong, C. Klein.

G. W. PALMER,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office over Raftery's Tailor Store, East Middle Street.

S. G. BUSH,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Office in Hatch block. Residence opposite Methodist church.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician and Surgeon.

Specialties—Diseases of the nose, throat, eye and ear.

Office Hours—10 to 12 and 2 to 5. Office over Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

H. H. AVERY,

Dentist.

All kinds of dental work done in a careful and thorough manner. Special attention given to children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and local anesthetics used in extracting. Office over Raftery's Tailor shop.

G. E. HATHAWAY,

Graduate in Dentistry.

A new preparation for extracting that does not contain cocaine or cause any of the bad results liable to follow the use of this drug. Gas administered when desired. Office over Bank Drug Store.

S. A. MAPES & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

Fine Funeral Furnishings. CHELSEA, MICH.

GEORGE J. CROWELL,

Fire and Tornado Insurance.

Representing eleven of the best companies doing business in Michigan. Give me a call. CHELSEA, MICH.

GEO. EDER.

The Parlor Barber Shop.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

CHARLES D. LEACH,

Painter, Paper Hanger and Decorator.

Satisfaction guaranteed or no pay asked. Leave orders at Fean & Vogel's drug store

FRED KANTLEHNER,

Jeweler and Optician.

Having removed to the second floor of the new Staffan Block, I am prepared to do all kinds of work in my line as heretofore. 237 Agent for Ann Arbor flour.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 156, F. & A. M.

Regular Meetings for 1899.

Jan. 24, Feb. 21, March 21, April 18, May 28, June 20, July 18, August 15, Sept. 12, Oct. 17, Nov. 14 Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 22.

THEO. E. WOOD, Secretary.

Spring Cleaning Helps

We can help you about your spring laundry work and do up the goods better and nicer than you, because we have better facilities. We redress Lace Curtains to look nearly like new, do Blankets, Flannelones.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry.



GEORGE E. DAVIS,

Everybody's Auctioneer.

Headquarters at THE CHELSEA HERALD office. Auction bills furnished free.

MONEY To PATENT Good Ideas may be secured by our aid. Address, THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md. Subscriptions to The Patent Record \$1.00 per annum.

Subscribe for the Herald, \$1 per year.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

Have opened up a new meat market in the Klein building on North street, and will keep on hand at all times a full line of all kinds of

Smoked, Fresh and Salt Meats,

Sausages, Etc.

Solicit a share of your patronage and by strict attention to business dealing I hope to merit a continuance of the same.

C. SCHAFER.

in building, North Main street, Chelsea, Mich.

WITH THE INVENTORS

A Few of Their Latest Triumphs Described in Detail.

Portable Bridge for Army Purposes—Largest Air Compressor Ever Constructed—Adjustable Vehicle Motors.

[Special Correspondence.]

The "signs of the times" indicate that the new portable bridge recently invented by Lieut. Col. Paul Pfund, of the French engineer corps, will interest all those concerned with military matters. The increase in the size of armies makes it imperative that means be provided for crossing rivers at several points at the same time. The most reliable temporary bridges have been found to be those supported on horses. These horses have had to be built to measure, as a stream varies so much in depth at different points and the surface of a bridge must be as nearly horizontal as possible. Even after a large amount of time has been spent in manufacturing them, these supports are often difficult to plant in line. In Col. Pfund's bridge the horses are made of jointed pieces, extremely light, which can be shortened or lengthened and planted at any required angle. A pair of steel tubes compose each of these parts and are fitted to a pivot which slide past lengthwise.

Four tubes form a horse whose shape can be adapted to any change of level, each of its four feet always being fixed in the river-bed. In beginning a bridge, a plank is laid from one X-shaped piece to another placed opposite. Between the first pair and the next are auxiliary supports. The pivot connecting the two steel supports serves as an axle enabling them to act like a wheel on which the free end of the bridge rolls



ERECTION OF PFUND BRIDGE WITH REGULATION FLOORING.

out in process of erection. The "wheel" always rests on the river bottom, while the axle is always at nearly the same level, because the spokes slide lengthwise.

When a section of bridge is completed, workmen standing on the fixed part push along a new section to a considerable distance, while others on the free end lower a support on each side until it touches bottom and thus holds up the end. Sections are continuously and rapidly pushed out while the supports turning on their axles with their points resting on the bottom act like wheels, and when the outer end decidedly droops the workmen standing upon it drop the other arm of the Xs. This touching bottom shares the weight with the first pair. When a whole section is in place, auxiliary supports fix it firmly in position. The ends of the supports are pointed for hard bottoms and flat for mud.

A Pfund bridge, four feet wide and 22 feet long, weighs 1,122 pounds. Where timber abounds all that need be transported are the jointed supports. Twelve men in 35 minutes erected a Pfund bridge 92 feet long over a river 11½ feet deep.

Compressed air has already so well established its reputation as a motive power that it only remains necessary to find new purposes for which to use it. For a number of years more or less satisfactory attempts have been made to utilize it for operating public conveyances of different kinds, but only recently with success. In New York city a new plant, said to be the largest of its kind in the world, has just been installed at West Twenty-fourth street and the North river to furnish compressed air for running some of the cross-town cars. It is the first ever made in which there is a combination of a compressor developing 2,500 pounds to the square inch with an engine of 1,000 horse power.

The compressor, which is a counterpart of a steam engine, at the first stage of its work, brings the pressure up to 40 pounds, at the second to 100, at the third to 850 and at the fourth to 2,300. It has four cylinders. The largest has a diameter of 46 inches and carries on the first part of its work. The next has a diameter of 24 inches, the third of 14 and the fourth of six inches. The pistons in all of these cylinders have strokes of 60 inches. The work is divided because air in a compressor becomes hot and more hot. If the pressure were carried up to 100 pounds to the inch, with a single-stage compres-

or, atmospheric air would be heated to possibly 550 degrees Fahrenheit, thus injuring the machinery.

Each of the cylinders in the four-stage compressor is provided with a cooler so that the air enters the storage tanks at very nearly ordinary temperature. The compressed air is generally put in these tanks for storage at a higher pressure than that at which it is used, or about 2,500 pounds to the square inch. But the immense steel bottles which are at once placed under the cars are charged at the station at about 2,000 pounds to the inch. To insure safety these bottles are tested up to 4,000 pounds per square inch, although only required for service at about one-half that amount of pressure. About 600 of these bottles will be used at the new power station. They are connected with each other and with the charging tube for the cars by valves and pipes.

The horseless carriage seems to be attracting more attention than any other recent invention, and the possibilities of the automobile seem to be beyond calculation at this stage of its manufacture. In spite of the opposition with which it is, in many instances, greeted, the undoubted advantages it offers over a vehicle drawn by horses are so apparent that it is bound to occupy a prominent place among the great inventions of the century now closing.

This is especially true in large cities, where horses require nearly as much space in the crowded streets as the wagons and carriages to which they are attached. One of the great drawbacks to increase of automobile locomotion is the cost of the vehicles, which places them quite beyond the reach of the majority of those who are now employing horses. Not only must the animal be disposed of on an overcrowded market, but all the carriages, large and small, which the owners possess, for the automobile replaces both. This latter difficulty, however, may now

be overcome. For some time inventors have been endeavoring with varying success to construct a motor which may be attached to the vehicles now in use. All those which have to be "hitched" to a carriage and operated as a horse are cumbersome and possess one of the great disadvantages of the latter—occupying too much space.

But recently a French firm, Messrs. Arnott & Peneau, seems to have met all difficulties and is placing upon the market a motor attached to a pair of front wheels which may be substituted for the ordinary front wheels of a carriage. The wheels serve at the same time as both steers and drivers, any variation of their position controlling the direction of the carriage without independent movement of the naphtha motor with two vertical cylinders which propels the conveyance.

There is a flexible axle which serves as a prolongation of the motor axle on each side. The different mechanisms to effect change of speed are carried on the front axle. The naphtha and water reservoirs are suspended behind and the motor further forward. A strong metallic band fixed to a sleeve fitted to the rear axle connects this axle with the motor, as the weight of the latter would cause too great a strain upon an ordinary carriage. A solid whole is thus formed of the front and rear wheels so that the motor moves the carriage by both pairs of wheels. Any wagon or carriage can in 15 minutes be changed from its ordinary form to an automobile and vice versa; the only expense being for the motor and one pair of wheels, which may be used alternately on a whole series of different vehicles, as may be done with a horse.

The case containing the motor is decorative, and when electricity is preferred to naphtha as a motive power, will contain storage batteries.

The invention has passed the experimental stage and has been operated with great success. It is likely to be of great practical service and will meet a popular demand.

EDWARD JULIAN.

Cupid Ambushed.

Mr. Slowgait (about to propose; time, 11 p. m.)—I am about to say something, Miss Chillington, that I should have said some time ago. Look into my eyes and tell me if you cannot guess what it is?

Miss Chillington (suppressing a yawn)—You look as sleepy as I feel, so I guess you must be going to say "good night."—Chicago Daily News.

EMPLOYES LIKE HIM.

President McKinley Appreciates Faithful Collaborators.

Therein He Differs from Most Public Men—Instances of the Rank Ingratitude of Legislative Nabobs.

[Special Washington Letter.]

"Maj. McKinley was a good man to work for, and he was always kind and considerate while I was with him. He showed his consideration in many ways, and on one occasion voluntarily gave me his check for \$500," said Charlie Cooper, the well-known stenographer, to a party of friends.

In reply to inquiries, he said: "Well, during the campaign of 1896 I reported speech after speech throughout the months of the summer and fall, when delegations were coming daily from all parts of the country. The major never had time to prepare speeches in advance, and therefore usually spoke extemporaneously. I was there with note-book and pencil, taking down what was said, because the newspaper men required the every utterance of the republican candidate for the presidency, just as the papers required copies of all of the utterances of Bryan who was touring the country and talking from railroad platforms.

"Well, while the grass on the lawn was being worn out by the trappings of the feet of the tens of thousands of callers, I was being worn out, too. Maj. McKinley is a man who never tires. He can stand more work than any man I have ever served, and he has always kept in the best of health. So it was that year. His speeches were sometimes long and sometimes short, but they were always delivered deliberately, and in such manner that it was comparatively easy to take notes of what he said. That part of the work was not hard.

"But after the work of the day was done I had to write out those speeches on the typewriter; and I had to make manifold copies for the newspapers. Many a night I was hard at it until after midnight. Fortunately, the delegations did not require any making of speeches before nine or ten o'clock in the morning, so I had plenty of time for recuperative sleep. But all the time I was wearing out and getting tired. The last three weeks I got out of bed tired every morning. But, of course, I never complained. The major was up late every night also, attending to correspondence and other campaign work, and all of us were busy as bees. There was not a drone beneath that roof.

"During the last week of the campaign the major made 21 special speeches in one day. I took down all of those speeches in shorthand, and worked until 1:30 o'clock in the morning transcribing my notes. I was suffering from swelling of the glands of the neck, which necessitated several subsequent surgical operations. The major knew that I was suffering, and several times



"THAT'S ALL RIGHT, CHARLIE."

suggested that I should take a vacation, but I wanted to stick it out to the end. Well, that morning at 1:30 o'clock the major called me to him, and told me that I must quit work and take a rest. He said that he was bound to be elected, and would want me at the white house; and that I must take care of my health on that account.

"I finally consented to drop work and come east for a vacation, and for treatment. He called O'Brien and asked for his check book. O'Brien handed it to him, and he filled out a check, saying: 'You may have saved up a little money, but you will find that when you are laid off on the sick list it will go pretty fast; so take this with you, for you'll need it.'

"I thanked him, supposing that he was giving me a check for about \$100. When I looked at the paper, however, it was made out for \$500. Seeing my look of astonishment, and half-uttered protest, the major smiled, and said: 'That's all right, Charlie. You'll need it soon enough. When that is exhausted, let me know.'

"Well, I left Canton that morning, came to Washington, then went to the seashore, and rested up for two months. But after we got to the white house my health gave way again, in the same manner, and so I am filling an easier position. I think you will find, if you inquire, that every man who has ever worked for McKinley has some story to

tell of the major's kindness and appreciation of those who have worked for him. Therefore it is that every man whom he has ever employed is always shouting for the major and whooping it up for him among the boys in campaign times."

This story was repeated by the writer to Fred Haig, the popular young lawyer, and he said: "Of course, if Cooper says it's so, it's so. But under ordinary circumstances I should pronounce that to be a fairy story. I have been something of a private secretary myself. I worked in the offices of railroad presidents and superintendents for a number of years, and not one of them ever gave me a cent that I didn't earn. I was private secretary to Senator John J. Ingalls for seven years, and he never gave me a red cent that I did not earn, and he never gave me any kind words that were not necessitated by circumstances.

"Moreover, I worked for Senator Wolcott for about a year, and he even undertook to underrate the value of my services. I never heard of any private secretary, however faithful, being re-



MR. HAIG HAS DOUBTS.

warded for his skill, his fidelity and his loyalty. Consequently I say this case of Cooper's is so out of the ordinary that nothing but Cooper's well-known reputation for veracity enables me to believe it.

"Look at some of the private secretaries that you and I have known. Take George Gilliland, for instance. He looked after all of Senator Brice's political interests, attended to all of his executive department work, wrote his letters for him, signed them, and mailed them. Gilliland was 'the whole thing' and did the senatorial business completely. When Brice left the senate he left Gilliland without a job; and when Brice died his will contained no mention of his able and astute private secretary.

"Then there was brilliant McCarthy, who left the Cincinnati Enquirer to become private secretary to Millionaire Leland Stanford, the California senator. McCarthy wrote speeches which made Stanford's utterances in the senate respectable. He attended to all of his senatorial business so that the people of California were as well served as though they had a real senator with brains for statesmanship. But when Stanford died he left not a penny and not even a word of thanks for poor McCarthy.

"Have you forgotten Frank Fenniken, the physical and intellectual giant who carried the burdens of statesmanship for Senator Plumb, of Kansas, for 12 years? Have you forgotten that Frank Fenniken attended to all of the correspondence, looked after all of the appointments, and took care of the routine work on Capitol hill, for Plumb? Well, when Plumb died suddenly his will contained no mention of Fenniken, and that faithful fellow was out of a job. Because of the chaotic condition of the affairs of the late senator, it became necessary for Mrs. Plumb to employ Fenniken to assist in settling up the estate. But when that work was done Fenniken was sent adrift.

"If these instances are not enough, let me remind you of old man Fitch, whom you used to know well. He worked for Senator Sawyer, of Wisconsin, the millionaire. He looked after Sawyer's pension business so carefully, consistently and diligently that Sawyer got the reputation of passing more private pension bills than any two other senators. Well, when Millionaire Sawyer left the senate he left Fitch without a job, and without hope of a job, because Fitch was too old to hunt a job."

Mr. Haig was asked to tell something about the method pursued by Senator Ingalls in preparing his celebrated speeches for delivery in the senate, and he replied: "I have given you enough now for one letter. If you will come to see me some Sunday afternoon, and stay for supper, I will tell you some interesting things about Ingalls, in the height of his fame; some things creditable to him, and also creditable to his able private secretary."

What Fred Haig will tell on that line will be exceedingly interesting to the writer, and also to every reader.

SMITH D. FRY.

The Seasons.

Dame Nature dons a bright new dress
In spring, or thereabout;
In summer wears it rusty,
In autumn wears it out,
And after that she goes to bed;
For obviously there
Is nothing else to do, since she
Has not a thing to wear.
—Puck.

END OF THEIR LABOR.

Christian Endeavor Delegates Complete Their Work in Detroit.

Closing Sessions of the Big Convention — Hopeful Dispatch from American Peace Commission Receives Great Applause.

Detroit, Mich., July 11.—The eighteenth international convention of Christian Endeavor closed Monday night amid scenes of impressive solemnity attending the utterances of "The Last Word" by the president and secretary in each of the great tents, respectively, following responses from each state and country represented, and last exhortations from M. E. Bishop Vincent, of Kansas, and Evangelist Chapman, of New York. Several telegrams and cablegrams were read in both tents, including those sent by President McKinley, Queen Victoria and the American peace commission at The Hague. The reading of the cablegram from Hon. Andrew D. White, president of the American peace commissioners at The Hague brought out storms of applause.

Mr. White acknowledged the receipt of a message from President Francis E. Clark, and replied by stating that he was pleased to note the success of the campaign for peace in the consummation of the plan for an international arbitration tribunal.

Made a Great Noise.

At all previous meetings the audiences assembled quietly, but Monday evening for some time before the calling to order of the two great gatherings tents Endeavor and Williston were abuzz with sounds and scenes. The state, provincial and foreign delegations were grouped in designated bunches, divided about equally between the two tents. Each had its own particular rally cry, and each delegation took pleasure in making it known to the extent of its lung power. The delegations which were not shouting were singing. Music Conductor Fetter finally made himself heard without the aid of a megaphone, and all the voices were turned into the inspiring volumes of "Holy, Holy, Lord God Almighty" with much improved effect.

The chairmen of each state and provincial delegation and those from abroad were called to the platform and testified each for his people and their aspirations as endeavorers. Then the respective delegations sang together, waved flags and gave other evidences of enthusiasm.

During a recess in these responses each member of the '99 committee was called out. They were told that the '99 convention had never been equalled as to programme, speakers, presence of good and large attendance at meetings. Secretary Baer stated that although the attendance at Detroit was 28,000, as against 56,400 at Boston, that the meetings in Detroit were attended by larger numbers than were those at Boston.

Closing Scenes.

Chairman W. H. Strong, of the local committee, responded appropriately to the compliments tendered before the two mighty audiences, and attributed the successes of the convention chiefly to individual faithfulness. The score of white-capped chairmen of local committees standing together then sang a stanza of "If Ever I Loved Thee, My Jesus, 'Tis Now."

Great Britain's leading representatives, Messrs. Tressidder and Mursell, of London, and Pollock, of Glasgow, stood together and sang "Britain for Christ." Then all sang stanzas of "God Save the Queen" and "America."

Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman preached the concluding sermon in tent Endeavor from the texts Luke 6:6 and 10—the story of the healing of the man with a withered hand. The closing address in tent Williston was made by Bishop John H. Vincent, of the M. E. church.

The Morning Session.

Detroit, Mich., July 11.—The closing day of the international Christian Endeavor convention was the busiest day of a busy week. The tendencies of the '99 gathering along educational and other practical lines have caused this convention to be called the educational convention. Its general trend is conceded to have been to broaden as well as inspire the young people, rather than to have led them toward narrow forms of spirituality, or intolerant religious views. The last quiet hour early morning service was largely attended. Missions was the topic at both the great tents at the morning meetings; foreign missions in Tent Endeavor, home missions in Tent Williston. In the former meeting the foreign missionaries present were introduced to the great audience by "Father Endeavor" Clark.

The introduction of missionaries by President Clark was one of the features of the convention. Thirty of the workers in heathen fields spoke a sentence or two in the language spoken in the scenes of their labors, and retired.

Broke the Record.

New York, July 11.—The New York office of the North German Lloyd Steamship company has received a cablegram announcing that the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse arrived at Cherbourg at 2:45 Monday afternoon in the record-breaking time of five days 20 hours and 55 minutes.



CORN MUFFIN RECIPE.

It is an Excellent One, and One That Is Not Found in Ordinary Cook Books.

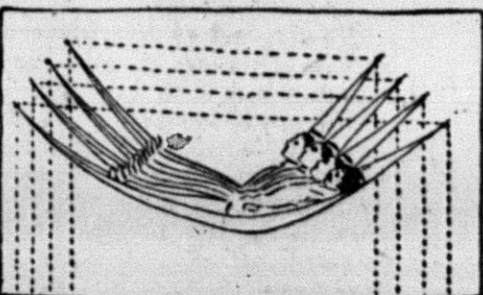
An excellent rule for corn muffins is as follows: Beat two heaped table-spoonfuls of butter and four of sugar to a cream. Add the yolks of three eggs, and then add two cupfuls of milk in which a teaspoonful of soda has been dissolved. Sift two or three times a cupful and a half of flour and a liberal cupful of corn meal, with two even table-spoonfuls of cream of tartar. Add the mixture of butter, sugar, milk and eggs slowly to the dry ingredients, stirring well while doing so. After beating this batter very thoroughly add the whites of the three eggs—which have been whipped to a very stiff froth. Turn the batter into muffin tins which have been buttered and bake the muffins in a hot oven. These muffins are delightful for breakfast served with a dainty omelette and a cup of hot coffee with whipped cream. The writer has tried several rules for corn muffins, but has found none as light or as tender as these. It is not one of the usual recipes found in the average cook book, and it is an excellent one.

The following is a very good rule for Johnnycake: Put three cupfuls of corn meal to soak with three cupfuls of sour milk over night. In the morning add half a cupful of flour, two table-spoonfuls of molasses, one beaten egg, a tea-spoonful of salt, and finally a liberal tea-spoonful of soda which has been dissolved in about half a cupful of milk. Stir the batter very thoroughly for several minutes and pour it into shallow baking pans which have been buttered well. Bake it in a very hot oven. It should be about an inch and a half thick when done, and it should have a fine crust.—N. Y. Tribune.

HANGING A HAMMOCK.

Some Timely Hints to Those Who Happen to Own One of These Summer Luxuries.

A manufacturing firm in Connecticut that sells hammocks offers several excellent suggestions in regard to suspending the same. Four degrees of curvature are mentioned, and the extremes here indicated ought not to be exceeded. Too much slack converts the hammock into a mere loop. A very



HOW TO HANG A HAMMOCK.

straight arrangement leaves it too unstable for security.

The four positions shown in the drawing provide for a clear space between the lowest part of the hammock and the floor of about 16 inches. It is a common error to suppose that the head of a hammock should be fastened at the same height as the foot, or higher. The best way is to keep the ring at the foot end from three to five inches higher than that at the head. When the hammock is stretched out nearly straight the difference may be kept down to three inches. Four makes a fair medium. But with a good deal of curvature, the fastening at the foot ought to be five inches above the head fastening. The reason for this is that when the head end is elevated, the whole body tends to slide down in the hammock. What is called a position of equilibrium—one in which the body will remain where it is—is one in which the hips rest at the lowest point. If the head seems too low, under these circumstances, it should be bolstered with a pillow.—N. Y. Tribune.

Oddities in Gloves.

Jewels sparkle from the newest summer gloves. Yet they are quite within the means of the average woman, for the jewels are imitation gems.

The jewels are used on glace kid, and heavy silk, and instead of the usual stitching they appear in rows. There are gloves of a soft shade of tan, with mock emeralds used in place of the stitching.

Then there are other silvery gray gloves with the backs studded with turquoise. These gloves are only suitable for evening wear.

Gloves in vivid shades are among the novelties of the season. Glove makers are showing rich purple-hued gloves and others in shades of bright green, pigeon-blood red, pearl white and all the shades of blue.

Terrorized by Green Pens.

The Vienna authorities have forbidden a meeting advertised to take place in furtherance of the cause of vegetarianism on the ground that it would constitute a danger to the well-being of the state.

AND STILL THEY COME.

Here Are Three New and Very Stylish Designs for the Summer Girl's Sunshade.

The girl who has a tanned complexion when the summer is over will have it from choice, for the hundred and one new designs in parasols, ranging anywhere in price from one dollar to one hundred dollars leave no excuse why the fair skin should be left unshaded from the merciless rays of a scorching sun.

The very newest idea in parasol decorations, and one which affords an agreeable change from the floral trimming, is that of sewing applique designs all over the silk covering. All kinds of insects and small animals are impressed into service, but the favorite is the butterfly with deep cream and pale yellow wings and dark brown bodies. The rib-seams are then trimmed with frills of soft silk or mull.

Among the inexpensive designs is a parasol of brown grass lined with a pistachio green. The linen is embroidered in green, and ruffles of the



UP-TO-DATE SUNSHADES.

same color lisse decorate the covering for nearly half its width.

The third design has a covering of figured Persian silk trimmed with frills of the same material, sun plaited, and overlaid with another ruffle of liberty silk edged with narrow ribbon.

All of the fashionable summer sunshades are plentifully trimmed at the end of the rod, this little decoration being in the form of a rosette developed in soft goods, an immense bow, or any fancy that pleases the fantastic taste of the owner.

GIRL WITH THIN ARMS.

Can Easily Remedy the Defect by Rubbing Them Vigorously a Few Times Every Day.

Thin arms should be carefully concealed. They have an impoverished look that robs their owner of some of her dignity. If the arms are unduly long, as they occasionally are, the effect may be neutralized by wearing wide bands of black velvet fastened with pretty buttons or clasps or buckles. This reduces the apparent length of the arms.

"Thin arms," says M. Charles Blanc, the great French authority on dress, "denote bad health and an enfeebled race." The best remedy is to wash the arms with a fine lather of soap at least twice a day, and to dry them thoroughly and rub them vigorously. This treatment brings the pores into action and induces a healthy condition of the skin.

Rubbing with a soft chamois leather is excellent for the skin, giving it both smoothness and gloss. A girl who was much troubled with an eruptive disorder on her arms was advised to procure a very soft chamois leather, and gently but persistently to rub the skin for a few moments daily. She did so and never suffered from the same disfiguring cause again. The arms and shoulders are greatly improved by being rubbed in the same way, but the chamois must be very soft.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Hint for the Summer Table.

Table mats, on which to place hot dishes, are no longer used, as the heavy felt undercloth is intended to be sufficient protection for the table; but many housewives have found the top of their handsomely polished tables defaced by the marks made by the hot dishes. If a sheet of asbestos paper is put under the felt cloth the table will not be injured in the least from this cause. At teas or luncheons, when the polished table is used with doilies instead of a cloth, asbestos mats may be covered with prettily embroidered doilies for the hot dishes. One of these mats covered with a doyle, which should be larger than the mat, is much prettier to use than any tatpot stand that can be purchased.

Comparisons.

"It is said that for every violinist there are a thousand fiddlers." "Yes, and for every gentleman I guess there must be a thousand 'gents.'"—Chicago Times-Herald.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Tragedy in Muskegon.

At noon Mayor James Balbirnie, aged 61, while seated in front of his store in Muskegon, was shot and killed by John W. Tayer, ex-director of the poor. No sooner had he committed this terrible deed than Mr. Tayer drank calbolic acid, evidently secured with suicidal intent, and then shot himself in the left side near the heart. Mayor Balbirnie died within ten minutes, and Mr. Tayer expired in about an hour. Disappointment over securing an office was said to be the cause of the tragedy. Mayor Balbirnie was the pioneer resident of Muskegon, having lived there since 1865. Tayer had been a resident of the city for about 25 years. Both leave families.

Refuses to Pay Bounty.

Auditor-General Dix has refused to pay the beet sugar bounty earned by the Michigan Sugar company last year, which amounts to \$24,000. The failure of the last legislature to pass the beet sugar bounty bill left the law of 1897 on the statutes. This law pledges the state to pay the bounty of one cent a pound on all sugar manufactured for six years. The last legislature, however, failed to make an appropriation to provide for the payment of the bounty, and the auditor-general bases his refusal to pay the bounties on this fact.

Spencer O. Fisher Falls.

Spencer O. Fisher, an ex-congressman, a leading democratic politician, and formerly a wealthy lumberman, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in the federal court in Bay City. The personal liabilities are given at \$428,475. Mr. Fisher is also liable for some \$320,000 commercial paper, signed jointly with various business associates. His assets are notes and accounts. Of \$166,000 in notes \$1,200 are scheduled as good, the remainder worthless; of \$141,500 due on open accounts all is said to be worthless.

All Re-elected.

At the third meeting in Saginaw of the Michigan Music Teachers' association the following officers were re-elected for the coming year:

President, Mrs. Emma Thomas, of Detroit; secretary and treasurer, F. L. Abel, of Detroit; programme committee, L. V. Seyler, Miss C. H. Clements and G. A. Dewey, all of Detroit; auditing committee, Miss Agnes Andrus, of Detroit, and L. Renwick, of Ann Arbor; examining committee on Michigan compositions, N. J. Corey, of Detroit; A. W. Platte, of Saginaw, and Mrs. H. Gillette, of Bay City; committee on music in the public schools, Miss Lucy K. Cole, of Ann Arbor.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health from observers in various portions of the state for the week ended on July 1 indicate that dysentery increased and measles decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported in 191 places, measles at 38, typhoid fever at 34, scarlet fever at 40, diphtheria at 14, whooping cough at 13 and cerebro-spinal meningitis at 8 places.

Tax Commissioners.

Gov. Pingree has appointed the following as members of the board of state tax commissioners under the act known as the Oren tax law, the order to issue commissions having been sent to Lansing: Milo D. Campbell, of Coldwater; A. F. Freeman, of Manchester, and Robert Oakman, of Detroit. They will all serve until the next session of the legislature.

Unconstitutional.

Municipal ownership of street railways or any other common carriers in Michigan is held by the state supreme court to be illegal. In a decision rendered the McLeod law, Gov. Pingree's measure, to obtain public possession of the street railways of Detroit, is held to be unconstitutional.

News Items Briefly Told.

The First Baptist church in Allegan was damaged \$4,000 by fire.

Mayor Edward Canton, of Wakefield, became insane and was taken to Newberry.

Lansing masons are organizing a building association for the purpose of selling stock and erecting a \$20,000 masonic temple.

Pingree & Smith's shoe factory in Detroit shut down, and as a consequence 600 hands were out of employment. The trouble arose primarily over the introduction of machines.

Mrs. Cyrus Fauble, of Durand, was trampled to death by a cow.

Treasury Agent Charles B. Lewis arrested in Detroit Louis Bush, of New York, with over \$13,000 of smuggled diamonds neatly wrapped in paper and concealed under his hose around his ankle.

Gov. Pingree says that the report that he has formed an alliance with Secretary Alger to aid the latter in his candidacy for United States senator is a pure fabrication.

Mrs. Julia Willard, an old woman who in a dream located the body of Richard Miller, the Battle Creek boy who mysteriously disappeared, and then found it in a sand bank, has received \$200 reward.

Eleven well-known citizens of Northville were arrested, charged with attempting to lynch Thomas Evans, who was charged with improper conduct with his stepchildren.

Curious Custom.

In China it is the custom for guests at dinners to run around between the courses. This is supposed to keep the diner's digestion in good condition, but the nervous hustling American needs something else, and there is nothing better than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. If a man or woman is suffering with constipation, indigestion or any stomach trouble, it's their fault if they don't get well. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will cure them. See that a private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

Could Remember Some Things.

Traveling Missionary—And how many children have you, Mr. Burdock?

Farmer Burdock (doubtfully)—Well, now, I dunno. There's Dick and John and Kate—wife, how many children are there around here?

His Wife—Nine; five boys and four girls. Traveling Missionary—A fine family and a fine farm, Mr. Burdock. You keep stock, I presume?

Farmer Burdock—Oh, yes; I've got 173 head of Jersey cattle, 589 sheep and 61 hogs.—N. Y. World.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The One Exception.

He—To hear you tell it, one would think I never told a single truth before we were married.

She—Well, you did prevaricate to a considerable extent, but I'll give you credit for having told me the truth once.

"Indeed! And when was that, pray?" "When you proposed. Don't you remember you said you were unworthy of me?"—Chicago Evening News.

Chain o' Lakes, Waupaca.

The Killarney of Wisconsin, are easily reached via Wisconsin Central Lines' Fast Trains. A week or two of ease, rest and comfort will instill new life into you. '99 summer book will tell you all about it. Send for one. Jas. C. Pond, Gen. Pass. Agt., Milwaukee, Wis.

Comparing Notes.

"My husband," said the little lady, with pardonable pride, "bought me a season seat in the highest-priced theater in the city."

"A mere trifle," sighed the imposing caller. "My husband bought a seat in the United States senate and it cost more than the whole theater you're talking about."—Detroit Free Press.

Thirty Cents.

Cash or stamps will get you a fine battle-field map or deck of most beautiful scenic playing cards. Address, W. E. Conklyn, N. W. P. A., C. & O. Ry., 234 Clark, Chicago.

Against Slang.

"This slang is very annoying," said the solemn gentleman. "You remember that time my house was entered by a burglar? Well, I yelled 'robbers' with all my might, and the people thought I was yelling 'robber' and refused to pay any attention."—Indianapolis Journal.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Inference.

Barnes Torner—He who entertains the fickle public, sir, leads a dog's life. Strauger—You don't mean to tell me you are the Barker for the show?—Indianapolis Journal.

THE MARKETS.

New York, July 11.	
LIVE STOCK—Steers.....	\$4.90 @ 5.80
Hogs.....	4.25 @ 4.80
Sheep.....	3.00 @ 4.50
FLOUR—Winter Straights.....	3.45 @ 3.55
Minnesota Patents.....	3.90 @ 4.10
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	78 1/2 @ 80 1/2
September.....	78 1/2 @ 79 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	40 @ 40 1/2
September.....	39 @ 39 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.....	31 1/2 @ 31 3/4
BUTTER—Creamery.....	15 @ 15 1/2
Factory.....	12 @ 14 1/2
CHEESE.....	8 @ 8 1/2
EGGS—Western.....	14 1/2 @ 15 1/2

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Steers.....	\$4.15 @ 5.90
Texas.....	4.60 @ 5.40
Stockers.....	3.80 @ 4.35
Feeders.....	4.45 @ 5.00
Hogs.....	3.00 @ 4.40
HOGE—Light.....	3.90 @ 4.07 1/2
Rough Packing.....	3.75 @ 3.85
SHEEP.....	3.30 @ 5.25
BUTTER—Creameries.....	13 1/2 @ 17 1/2
Dairies.....	13 @ 15 1/2
EGGS.....	8 @ 12 1/2
POTATOES—New (per bbl.).....	1.35 @ 1.75
PORK—September.....	8.75 @ 8.87 1/2
LARD—September.....	5.35 @ 5.40
RICE—September.....	5.07 1/2 @ 5.12 1/2
GRAIN—Wheat, September.....	33 1/2 @ 33 3/4
Corn, September.....	20 1/2 @ 20 3/4
Oats, September.....	54 1/2 @ 55
Rye, September.....	35 @ 39
Barley, Screenings.....	

MILWAUKEE.

GRAIN—Wheat, Northern.....	\$7 1/2 @ 74
Oats.....	25 1/2 @ 28
Rye, No. 1.....	59 @ 59 1/2
Barley, No. 2.....	42 @ 42 1/2

KANSAS CITY.

GRAIN—Wheat, September.....	\$6 1/2 @ 60 3/4
Corn, September.....	30 1/2 @ 30 3/4
Oats, No. 2 White.....	28 1/2 @ 28 1/2
Rye, No. 2.....	57 @ 57 1/2

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$4.75 @ 5.75
Texas Steers.....	3.40 @ 5.00
HOGE—Packers.....	3.85 @ 2.90
Butchers.....	3.85 @ 4.10
SHEEP—Native Muttons.....	3.00 @ 4.60

OMAHA.

CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$4.60 @ 5.50
Cows and Heifers.....	3.90 @ 4.90
Stockers and Feeders.....	3.75 @ 4.85
HOGE—Mixed.....	3.87 1/2 @ 3.90
SHEEP—Western Muttons.....	4.00 @ 4.70

Only Thirty and Gray

How is this?

Perhaps sleepless nights caused it, or grief, or sickness, or perhaps it was care. No matter what the cause, you cannot wish to look old at thirty.

Gray hair is starved hair. The hair bulbs have been deprived of proper food or proper nerve force.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Increases the circulation in the scalp, gives more power to the nerves, supplies missing elements to the hair bulbs.

Used according to directions, gray hair begins to show color in a few days. Soon it has all the softness and richness of youth and the color of early life returns.

Would you like our book on the Hair? We will gladly send it to you.

Write us!

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the Vigor, write the doctor about it. He may be able to suggest something of value to you. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

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FANNING Bicycles

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FANNING CYCLE MFG. CO., 194-202 South Clinton Street, Chicago, Ill. RIDE A FANNING AND KEEP COOL.

WHISKERS DYED A Natural Black by Buckingham's Dye.

Price 50 cents of all druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

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begins with good wheels. Unless the wheels are good the wagon is a failure. IF YOU BUY THE ELECTRIC STEEL WHEEL, you will always have good wheels. Can't dry out or rot. No loose tires. Any height, any width tire. Catalog free. ELECTRIC WHEEL CO. Box No. 3, QUINCY, ILL.

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are the users. More users of it than any other. Why? THE BEST! Costs YOU no more than the poorest!

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A. N. K.—A 1769

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For Infants and Children

Bears The Signature Of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use For Over Thirty Years The Kind You Have Always Bought

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PERSONALS.

A. R. Congdon and wife, of Dexter, spent Wednesday in town.

George J. Buss returned home from a week's vacation Saturday evening.

Miss Hoppe, of Sylvan, is visiting the family of Wm. Bury, in Ann Arbor.

C. E. Babcock, of Grass Lake, was in Chelsea for a few hours yesterday morning.

Robert and Mary Quirk, of Detroit, have been visiting relatives here since last week.

Mrs. S. G. Bush left today for St. Louis, Mich., to visit her parents for a couple of weeks.

Edward Mullen left this week for Blanchard, N. Dak., where his brother resides.

O. T. Hoover spent three days at B. B. Turnbull's cottage at Cavanaugh Lake the past week.

Rev. Mr. McClain and wife, of Clinton, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. Steinbach last Sunday.

Mrs. J. C. Kingsley, of Manchester, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Anna Calkins, of McKinley street.

Mrs. Peter and Mrs. Fred Eminger, of Minneapolis, Minn., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Alber.

Edgar Alexander and Jacob Alber left Tuesday for Chicago Heights where they have secured employment.

Mrs. Annie Rademacher, of Detroit, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Barthel, this week.

E. J. Helber, of Ann Arbor, has been the guest of A. J. Sawyer at Cavanaugh Lake during the past week.

Mrs. George H. Kempf is entertaining relatives from Lockport and Medina, N. Y., who arrived here today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Osborn and family, of Chicago, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes.

Rev. and Mrs. O. C. Bailey and daughter, of Worcester, Mass., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Crowell this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Truman Fenn, of Jackson, are spending a two weeks' vacation visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Fenn.

Dr. W. A. Davis, wife and daughter, of Grand Ledge, are visiting their brother and sister, Geo. E. Davis and Mrs. R. B. Gates.

Mrs. William Barthel, of Minneapolis, Minn., has been visiting her husband's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Barthel, the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Vogel, of Pittsburg, Pa., spent several days the past week with their son, Ed. Vogel, and other relatives. They returned home yesterday.

Lester Canfield, of Ann Arbor, dropped off the train Thursday afternoon on his way home from Kalamazoo, and greeted several of his Chelsea friends.

Charles Seckinger, of Manchester, was in town visiting his brother, Joe Seckinger, on Sunday. He will take a position in L. T. Freeman's store next Monday.

Emil Kantlehner who has been clerking in Jackson for the past year, has accepted a position with a commission house in Detroit, and left for that city Tuesday.

Mrs. Christina Ritz, of Hoagate, O., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. S. Hoeffler for a couple of months. She is accompanied by her little granddaughter.

William G. Burchfield, from the Lone Star state, and his son S. W. Burchfield, of Ann Arbor, were in Chelsea Friday night en route to Clark's Lake, in Lyndon, for a few days' fishing.

Dr. R. S. Armstrong was called to Cadillac Thursday last. His niece, Miss Cora Lewis, fell downstairs and was so long unconscious that fears for her recovery were entertained. He returned home Saturday evening, the young lady being much better.

G. Weick was called to Mastillon, O., Friday morning by the alarming condition of his brother Joseph Weick, who the letter said was at death's door. Mr. Weick had a load of hay fall on him in such a manner as to crush his leg. The limb was amputated below the knee July 4, and at the time the letter was written inflammation had set in and he was not expected to live.

Rev. William P. Considine is spending the week with his father, Capt. Considine, of Detroit, at Clare Castle, Harsen's Island, St. Clair Flats. He has as his guests Mrs. Timothy McKune and Miss Alice Gorman, of Chelsea, Rev. Dr. Reilly, of Adrian, Rev. Joseph Hallisey, of Hudson, Mr. Denis Hayes and Miss Agnes McKune, of Detroit, and Rev. Fr. Heidenrich, of Manchester.

Harvey S. Keyes, of Dubuque, Iowa, is visiting his brother Elijah Keyes, of Lima. Mr. Keyes was a former resident of Lima Center, where he followed the business of a blacksmith. He came to this section from York state in 1832 and resided here until 1840, when he removed to Iowa. This is his first visit here in 40 years. He sustained a stroke of paralysis in the early part of the year but is still hale and hearty in spite of the fact that he is 80 years old.

Annual School Meeting.

The annual school meeting of district No. 3, fractional Sylvan and Lima, was held at the town hall Monday evening. To judge from the attendance it is fair to presume that the people are perfectly satisfied with the manner in which the board has conducted the business during its term of office, as there were only 24 votes cast when the election of school trustees came up.

H. S. Holmes, moderator, called the meeting to order and stated its import. The annual report of the school board for the year ending July 10, 1899, was then read by Director William Bacon and is as follows:

RECEIPTS.	
Balance on hand.....	\$ 417 68
Received from insurance.....	17 50
Received from foreign scholars.....	432 08
Received from primary fund.....	641 12
Received from mill tax.....	701 81
Received from direct tax.....	5 000 00
	\$7 210 14

DISBURSEMENTS.	
Fuel.....	\$ 336 76
Teachers' salaries.....	5 090 00
Library.....	50 00
Repairs.....	565 29
Free text books.....	249 90
Diplomas, etc.....	88 18
Supplies.....	155 00
Cleaning schoolhouse.....	23 18
Incidentals.....	35 51
Interest on overdrafts.....	57 56
Janitor.....	334 56
New furniture.....	60 00
Waterworks.....	63 00
Repairing clocks.....	5 50
Plants.....	6 40
For use of town hall.....	7 50
Director's salary.....	50 00
Assessor's salary.....	25 00
Insurance.....	37 50
Cash on hand.....	19 35
	\$7 210 14

The reason for the interest item in the above statement is because the school board has no funds with which to pay salaries and other expenses until after January 1 of each year.

On motion the report as read was accepted and adopted.

The estimates for the ensuing year were next submitted and are as follows:

EXPENSES.	
Teachers' salaries.....	\$5 000 00
Fuel.....	350 00
Library.....	75 00
Free text books.....	250 00
Supplies and incidentals.....	300 00
Janitor.....	350 00
Director.....	50 00
Assessor.....	25 00
Repairs.....	200 00

RECEIPTS.	
Cash on hand.....	\$ 19 35
Primary fund.....	500 00
Foreign scholars.....	400 00
Mill tax.....	700 00
Direct tax.....	5 000 00

On motion the estimates as read were accepted and the necessary amounts were ordered to be raised.

The election of two trustees to succeed H. S. Holmes and R. S. Armstrong resulted in the reelection of those two gentlemen, which is a well deserved tribute to their efficiency as servants of the public in the important position of school trustee.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D.: "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial; took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1. Guaranteed or price refunded.

Lima Items.

Herman Forner has a new Vim bicycle. Herman Forner spent Sunday at Sylvan.

The Fourth passed off very quietly here.

Mrs. I. Storms is going to build a new barn.

There was a party at Lew Yager's last Saturday night.

Arl. Guerin spent Monday at North Lake fishing with a party of friends.

Miss R. VanVleet, of New York, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Lewis Freer.

Mrs. E. Fisk and son, Charles, spent Saturday and Sunday at Manchester.

Mrs. A. Rafferty, of Toledo, O., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Wade. Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hammond, of Sylvan, spent Sunday at Irving Hammond's.

Markets.

Chelsea, June 20, 1899.	
Eggs, per dozen.....	11c
Butter, per pound.....	11c
Oats, per bushel.....	30c
Corn, per bushel.....	20c
Wheat, per bushel.....	71c
Potatoes, per bushel.....	20c
Apples, per bushel.....	—c
Onions, per bushel.....	40c
Beans, per bushel.....	70c

COUNTY NEWS.

Unadilla will have its gaist mill, the necessary \$400 bonus having all been subscribed.

The Fourth of July picnic at Whitmore Lake netted \$650 for the building fund of St. Thomas' Catholic church, Ann Arbor.

Prof. R. O. Austin, superintendent of the Saline high school, has been chosen as principal of the high school at Port Huron.

At the close of business June 30 the four Ann Arbor banks had deposits which aggregated \$2,618,965.30. The total resources of the banks were \$3,139,924.31.

W. Sherman Lister and Miss Mary Allen, of Ypsilanti, have been respectively elected superintendent of schools and assistant in the high school at Grass Lake.

Mr. Ernest G. Holloway, of Jackson, and Miss Martha G. Ferris, were married at the home of the bride's parents in Waterloo, July 3. Miss Lucy Wallace, of Chelsea, officiated as bridesmaid.

Fifield and Layman, the two men arrested at Ann Arbor on suspicion of having murdered John Casler at Flint July 1, have been released. It was found that they could not possibly have been implicated in the deed.

The Ann Arbor Daily Times says that the contest for the Ypsilanti post office has now narrowed down to two favorites Harlow D. Wells and Frank Stowell. It is certain that Frank Creech, who was also in the race, will be the deputy postmaster.

Margaret A. Morrell, of Ann Arbor, by her solicitors Cavanaugh & Wedemeyer, has filed a bill asking for a divorce from her husband George F. Morrell. She charges him with cruelty and non-support of herself and child, with using bad language to her and striking her.

John B. Hillman, who was a member of the hospital corps of the 31st Michigan, but was discharged before the regiment went to Cuba, is under arrest in Kalamazoo, for stealing \$51 from the till in the office of the Kalamazoo Telegraph, on which paper he was employed as an extra reporter and solicitor. Evil companions and sporty society have wrought his downfall. He formerly lived in Ann Arbor.

John Howard Jobson, of Dexter, died a year ago and left \$6,000, the remains of a \$60,000 estate which he received from his father, the balance having been lost in speculation. He drew up a will leaving the money to his wife and three children, but before he could sign it he died. Now, it turns out that \$3,000 of the estate is under the control of a brother of Jobson's who lives in England and \$2,000 of that is invested in his name, and he insists that it shall remain there until the youngest child becomes of age, which will be eight years longer. The English authorities insist that the estate shall be probated there, and altogether it looks as though there might be a further diminishing of the amount the wife and children will receive.

A \$40 Bicycle Given Away Daily.

The publishers of The New York Star, the handsomely illustrated Sunday newspaper, are giving a high grade bicycle each day for the largest list of words made by using the letters contained in "T-H-E-N-E-W-Y-O-R-K-S-T-A-R" no more times in any one word than it is found in The New York Star. Webster's Dictionary to be considered as authority. Two good watches, (first class time-keepers) will be given daily for second and third best lists, and many other valuable rewards, including dinner sets, tea sets, china, sterling silverware, etc., in order of merit. This educational contest is being given to advertise and introduce this successful weekly into new homes, and all prizes will be awarded promptly without partiality. Twelve 2-cent stamps must be inclosed for thirteen weeks trial subscription with full particulars and list of over 300 valuable rewards. Contest opens and awards commence Monday, June 26th, and closes Monday, August 21st, 1899. Your list can reach us any day between these dates, and will receive the award to which it may be entitled for that day, and your name will be printed in the following issue of The New York Star. Only one list can be entered by the same person. Prizes are on exhibition at The Star's business office. Persons securing bicycles may have choice of ladies', gentlemen's or juveniles' 1899 model, color or size desired. Call or address Dept. "E," The New York Star, 286 W. 39th street, New York City. 51

FOR SALE—Two carriages, a set of single harness and two tons of hay. Will sell them cheap. J. J. RAFFERTY. 41tf

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—An organ for a single horse to match the one I now have; or a piano for a span of good roadsters. 39tf C. STEINBACH.

Village Taxes.

The village taxes are now due and must be paid by August 8th. Dated, Chelsea, June 27, 1899. 46 51 J. B. COLE, Treasurer.

Michigan Central Excursions.

Orion camp ground assembly at Orion, Mich., July 23 to Aug. 22. One fare for round trip. Tickets sold July 18-28, good to return Aug. 25.

How Is Your Stationery?

If your stock is low
Have It Replenished *—
AT
The HERALD OFFICE
Work Warranted and
Prices Always Right.



A Cure for Constipation.
I have been troubled with constipation for years. It was ruining my health, my comfort and my complexion, and I am glad to say that Celery King has restored all three, and this after trying many other medicines that were supposed to be good, but which were of no value whatever. I would like to tell every suffering woman what Celery King has done for me.—Nellie Gould, Medina, Ohio.
Celery King cures Constipation and all diseases of the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Sold by druggists. 25c. and 50c. 5

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL

C Piles or Hemorrhoids
Fissures & Fistulas.
Burns & Scalds.
U Wounds & Bruises.
Cuts & Sores.
Boils & Tumors.
Eczema & Eruptions.
Salt Rheum & Tetters.
Chapped Hands.
Fever Blisters.
Sore Lips & Nostrils.
S Corns & Bunions.
Stings & Bites of Insects.
Three Sizes, 25c, 50c. and \$1.00.
Sold by druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect June 25th, 1899.
90th MERIDIAN TIME.
Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:
GOING EAST.
No 8—Detroit Night Express... 5:20 A. M.
No 36—Atlantic Express..... 7:15 A. M.
No 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10:40 A. M.
No 6—Mail and Express..... 3:15 P. M.
GOING WEST.
No 3—Mail and Express..... 10:12 A. M.
No 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6:20 P. M.
No 7—Chicago Night Express... 10:20 P. M.
No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.
E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.

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A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.
Stylish, Reliable, Simple, Up-to-date, Economical and Absolutely Perfect-Fitting Paper Patterns.

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Branch Office, 65 F St., Washington, D. C.

Mortgage Foreclosure.

DEFULT having been made in payments of a certain mortgage made by Ludwig Wuerth and Lydia Wuerth, his wife, to Magdalena Kapp, dated 3rd day of July, 1895, and recorded in the Register's office of Washtenaw County, Michigan, in Liber 90 mortgages, on page 256, on 11th day of July, 1895, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, (the mortgagee electing to consider the whole amount of said mortgage due for the non-payment of interest the sum of two thousand four hundred and forty-seven and 83-100 dollars (\$2,447.83), and no suit at law or in equity having been instituted for the collection of said amount or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on the day, the 22nd day of July next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at east front door of the court house, in the city of Ann Arbor (that being the place where the circuit court of said county is held), there will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder therefor the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of said mortgage, taxes, insurance and the costs of this foreclosure.

The premises so to be sold are described as follows: Beginning at a point on section line of the west side of the township 36, range 6 east, in said county, chains and 52 links north of the quarter stake, thence north on said section line chains and 50 links, thence east on said line, being 16 rods east of the quarter stake, thence south 4 chains and 40 links, thence westerly parallel to the quarter line 44 chains and 52 links to the place of beginning, containing acres more or less. Also, beginning at the west line of said section 31, 27 chains and 4 links north of the quarter post, east along the north line of the quarter post, thence south 4 chains and 44 links, thence north 2 chains and 26 links, thence parallel with the first line 44 chains and 44 links to the west line of section, thence south 2 chains and 26 links to place of beginning, containing 10 acres more or less. Also, the north half of north half of the south half of the half of the south-east quarter of section 36 in said township p.

Dated, April 20, 1899.
MAGDALENA KAPP, Mortgagee.
W. D. HARRIMAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure.

DEFULT having been made in payments of a certain mortgage made by Robert G. Barnes and Nettie Barnes, his wife, to Theodore J. DeForest, his wife, dated the 1st day of April, 1898, and recorded in the Register's office of Washtenaw County, Michigan, on the 4th day of April, 1898, in Liber 96 of mortgages, page 548, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of notice the sum of Nine Thousand Twenty-two dollars and Fifty cents (\$9,022.50), principal and interest, the mortgagee electing to consider the whole amount due for the non-payment of interest and no suit at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the said amount or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on the day, the 31st day of July next, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the south front door of the court house, in the city of Ann Arbor, that being the building in which circuit court of said county of Washtenaw is held, there will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage, together with taxes, insurance and the costs of this closure. The premises so to be sold are described as follows:

Beginning at the south-east corner of section 36, in town two south, range east, and running thence north on township line 8 chains and 50 links post, thence north 23 degrees and minutes east along the north-westerly of land formerly deeded by Robert G. L. Geddes to estate standing to the north-westerly corner of said Robert L. Geddes' land, thence north-east along the northerly line of said Robert L. Geddes' land (now owned by Dr. C. Griffith), the continuation of the same to the of the Michigan Central Railroad Company, thence westerly along said railroad company's land to a point where the railroad crosses the Huron river, thence southerly and westerly along the south line of said river to a point where railroad crosses said lands on said section 36, Ann Arbor, thence along said railroad westerly to the center of the high running north and south through section 36, thence south on the quarter section line to the south line of section 36, thence east on said section line to place of beginning. Also the north quarter of the southwest quarter of section 36, town two south, range east, intended hereby to describe all land owned by Robert G. Barnes and land owned by Robert G. Barnes and in said county of Washtenaw, and section 36 in the township of Ann Arbor in said county, (except one and one acres of land lying south of the high running from Ypsilanti to Ann Arbor the south-west corner of the north quarter of section 36 above said), containing three hundred and fifty acres more or less.
Dated May 3, 1899.
THEODORE J. DEFOREST, Mortgagee.
CARL E. A. DEFOREST, Attorney for Mortgagee.

W. D. HARRIMAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Our famous BINDER TWINE is the best in the world. Price will be low. Write for prices and samples.
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